

RADIO PROTOCOL EMERGENCE

Dr. Alvaro Valcarce
Head of department on Wireless AI/ML
Nokia Bell-Labs, France



ROHDE & SCHWARZ

Make ideas real





AI-AI: Radio Stack Learning

Alvaro Valcarce Rial

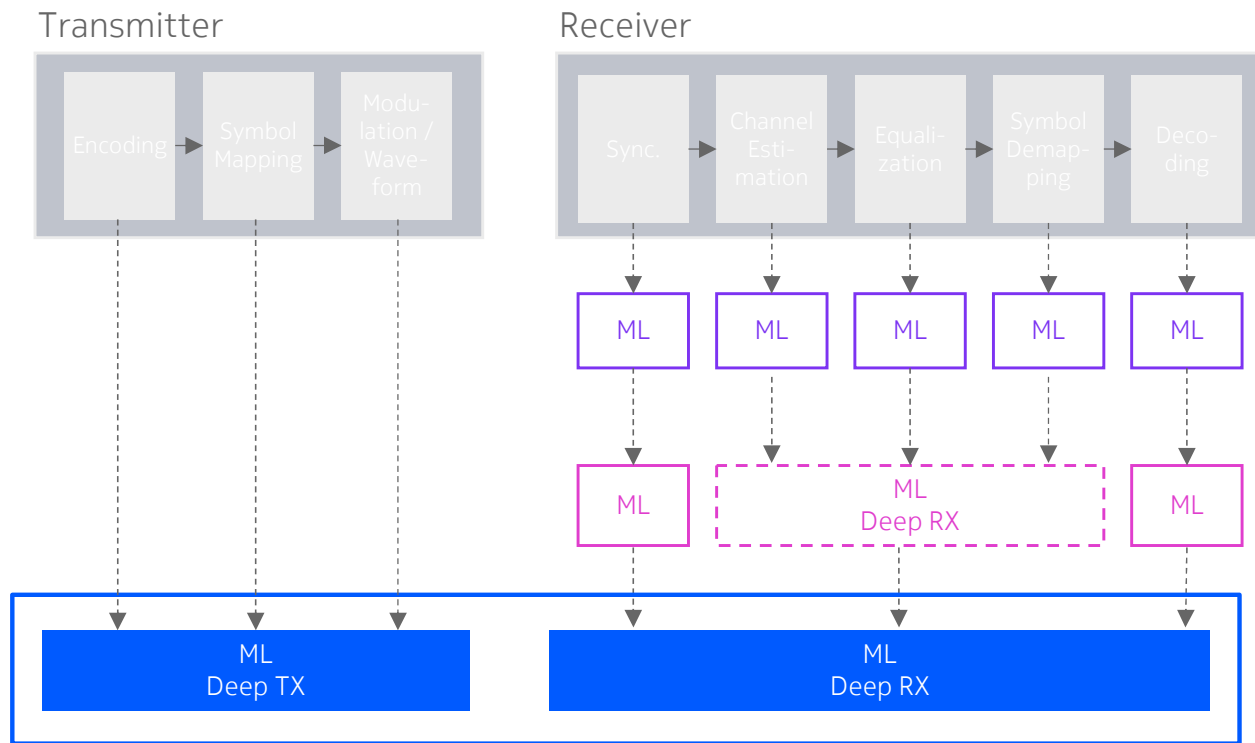
November 20th 2024

Venue: Mobile Test Summit (MTS) R&S

NOKIA
BELL
LABS

6G AI native Air Interface

The roadmap to learning radios



5G
The classical architecture

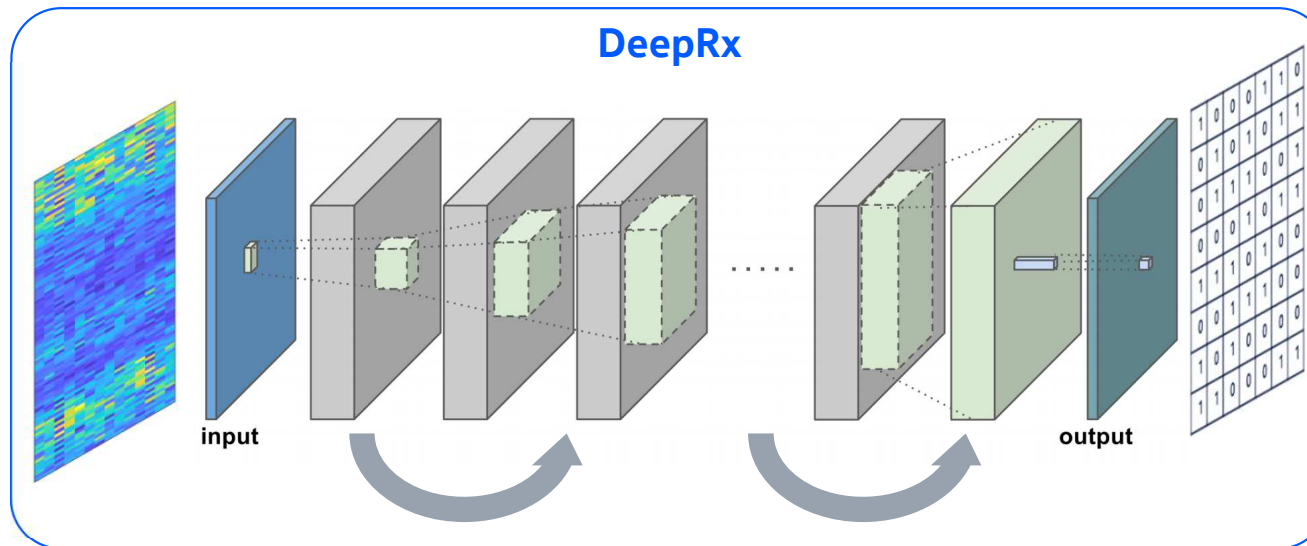
5G-Advanced phase 1
ML replaces/enhances individual processing blocks

5G-Advanced phase 2
ML replaces multiple processing blocks

6G
ML designs part of the PHY itself

The L1 AI-AI: Learning a receiver

ML in L1: Learning a Receiver

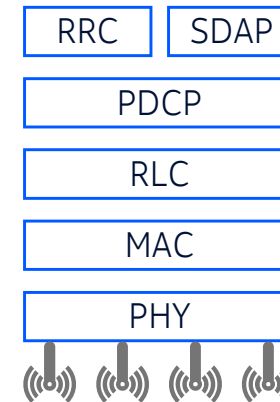
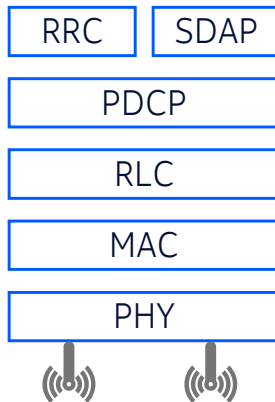
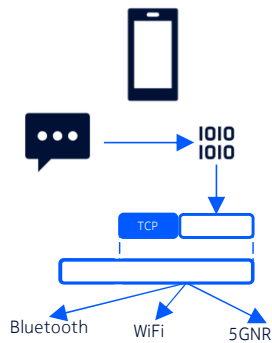


- It is possible to enhance detection accuracy in the receiver by implementing it as a neural network
- OFDM reception is quite similar to *image segmentation*
- **Main benefits:**
 - A learned receiver, such as DeepRx, can operate with fewer reference signals
 - Other variants can operate under severe distortion, which can help in enhancing coverage in 6G

The L2 AI-AI: Protocol learning

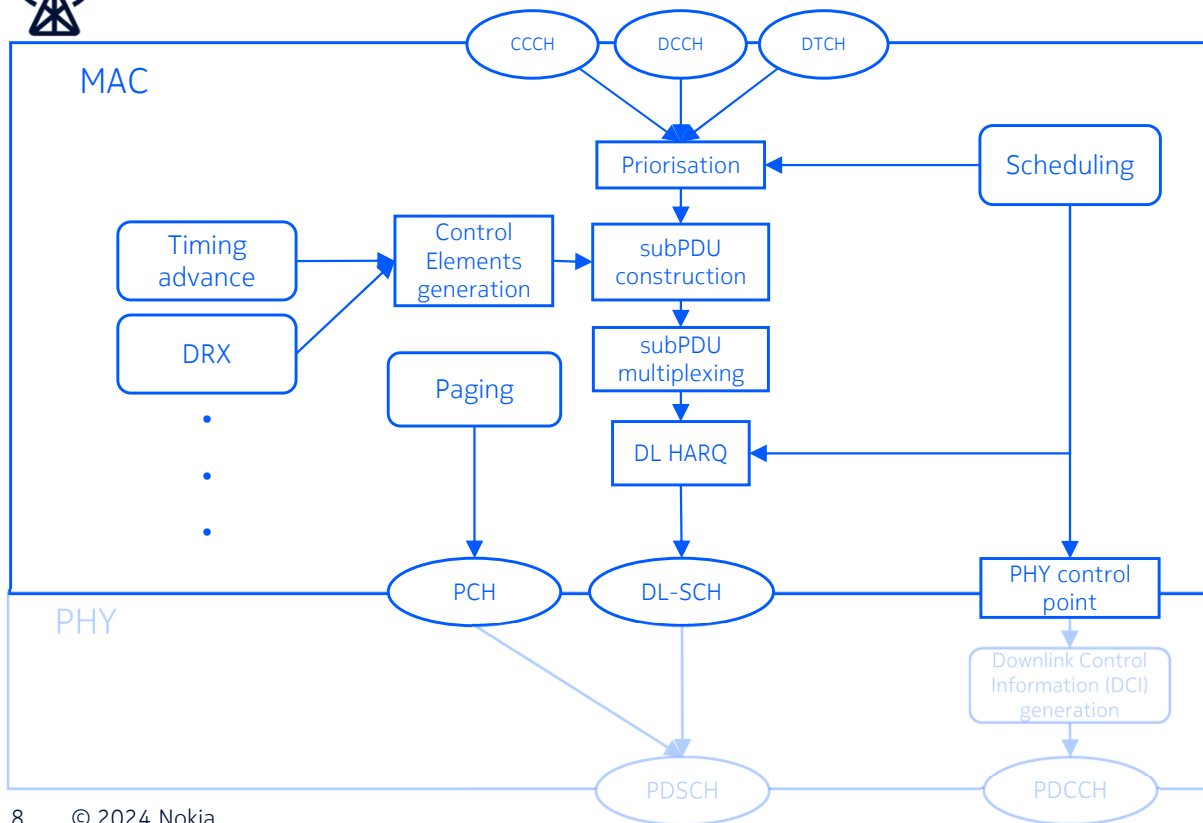
Radio protocols in cellular networks

A recap



Radio protocols in cellular networks

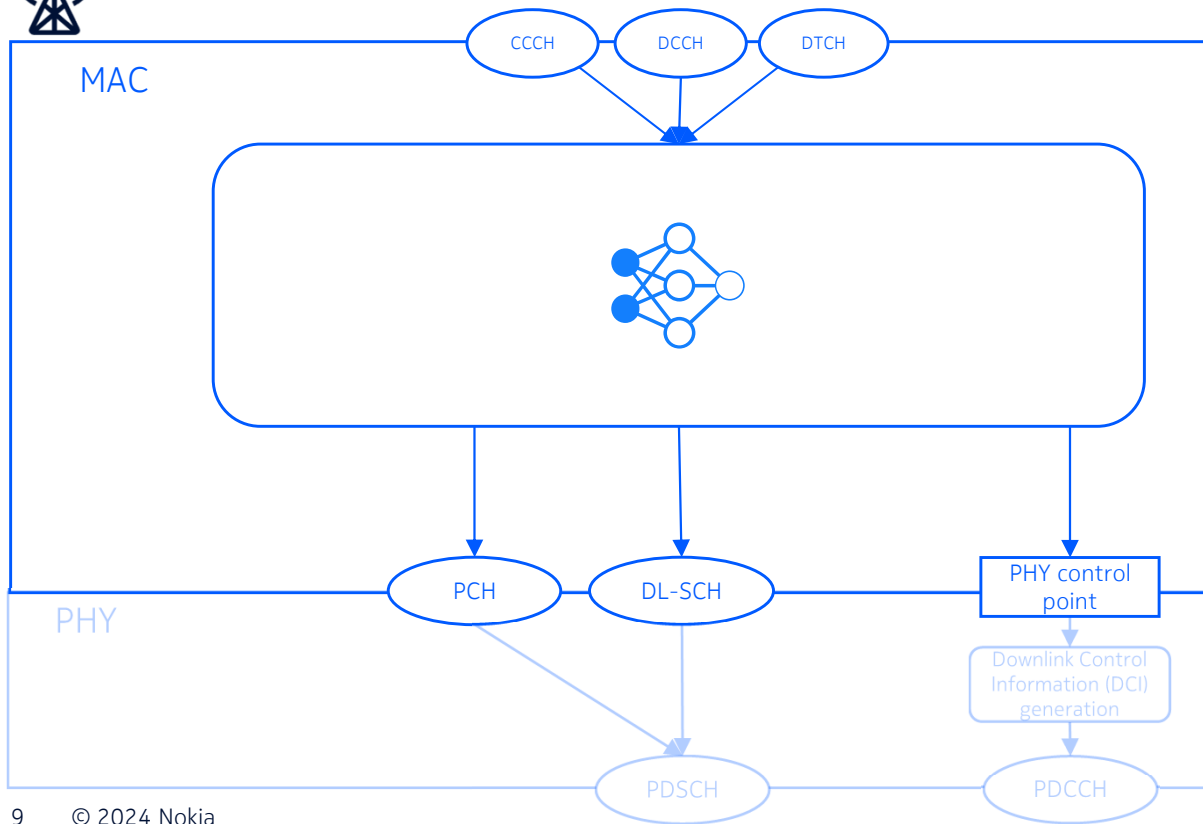
The 5G NR MAC & AI opportunities



- Growing number of functionalities
- Heuristic features (non provably optimal)
- Data abundance
- Relaxed real-time requirements

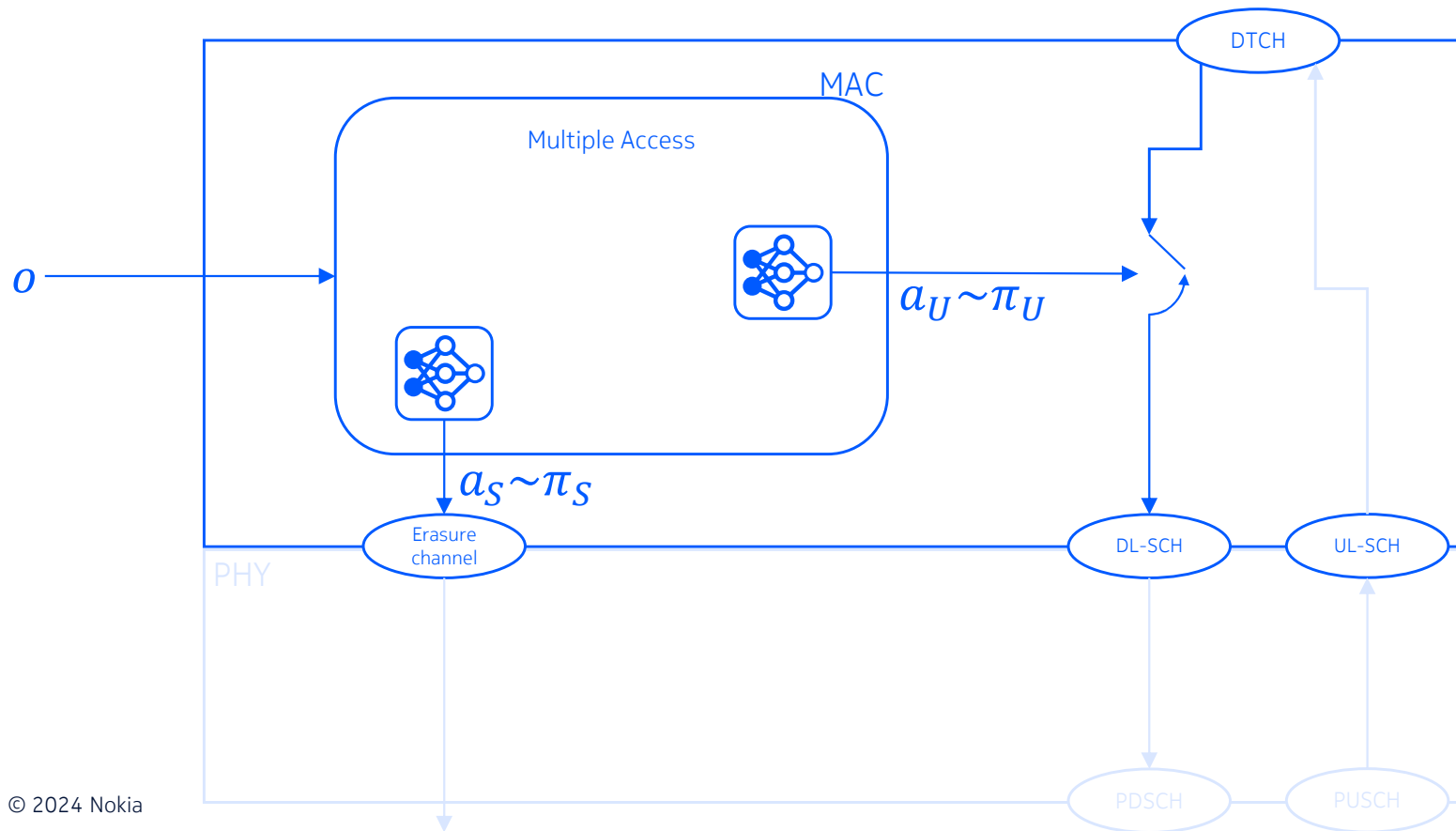
Radio protocols in cellular networks

The learned MAC



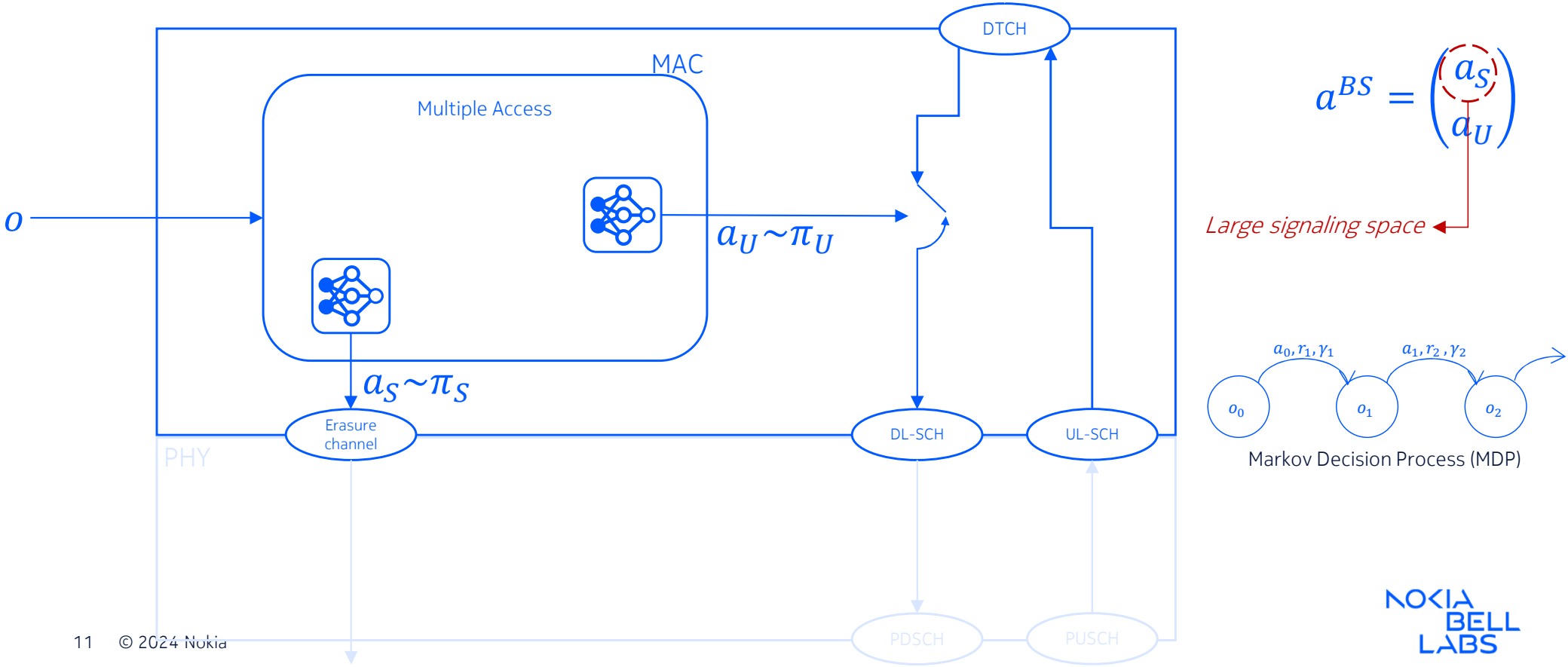
Learning a radio MAC layer

Feature-focused protocol learning



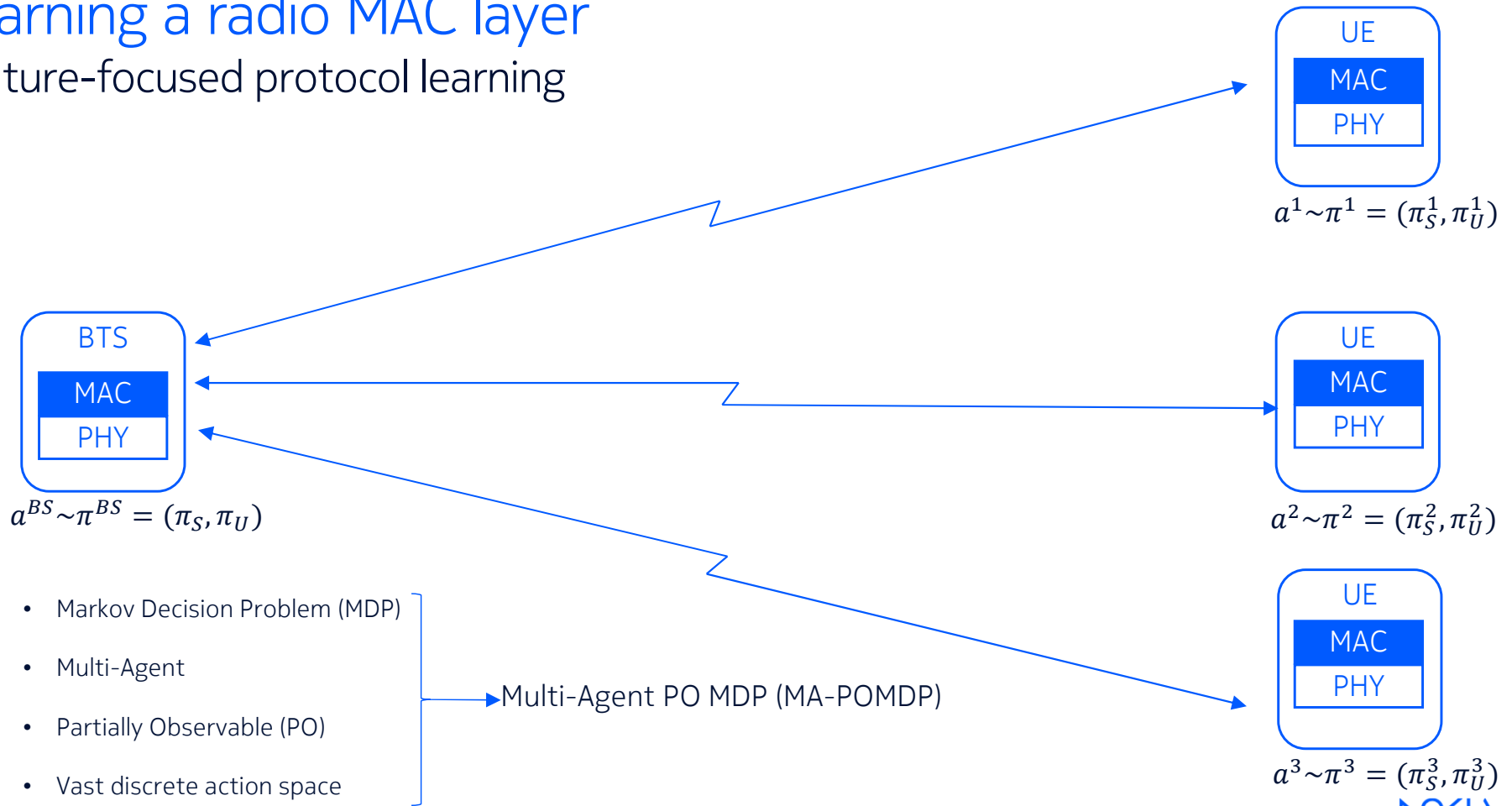
Learning a radio MAC layer

Feature-focused protocol learning



Learning a radio MAC layer

Feature-focused protocol learning



Emerging a radio MAC feature

With MADDPG

Centralized training with decentralized execution

Training gradient for the policy π_i (parametrized by θ_i):

$$\nabla_{\theta_i} J(\pi_i) = \mathbb{E}_{x, a \sim D} [\nabla_{\theta_i} \pi^i(a^i | o_i) \nabla_{a^i} Q_{\pi}^i(x, a^0, \dots, a^N) |_{a^i = \pi^i(o_i)}]$$

Training loss of centralized action-value functions:

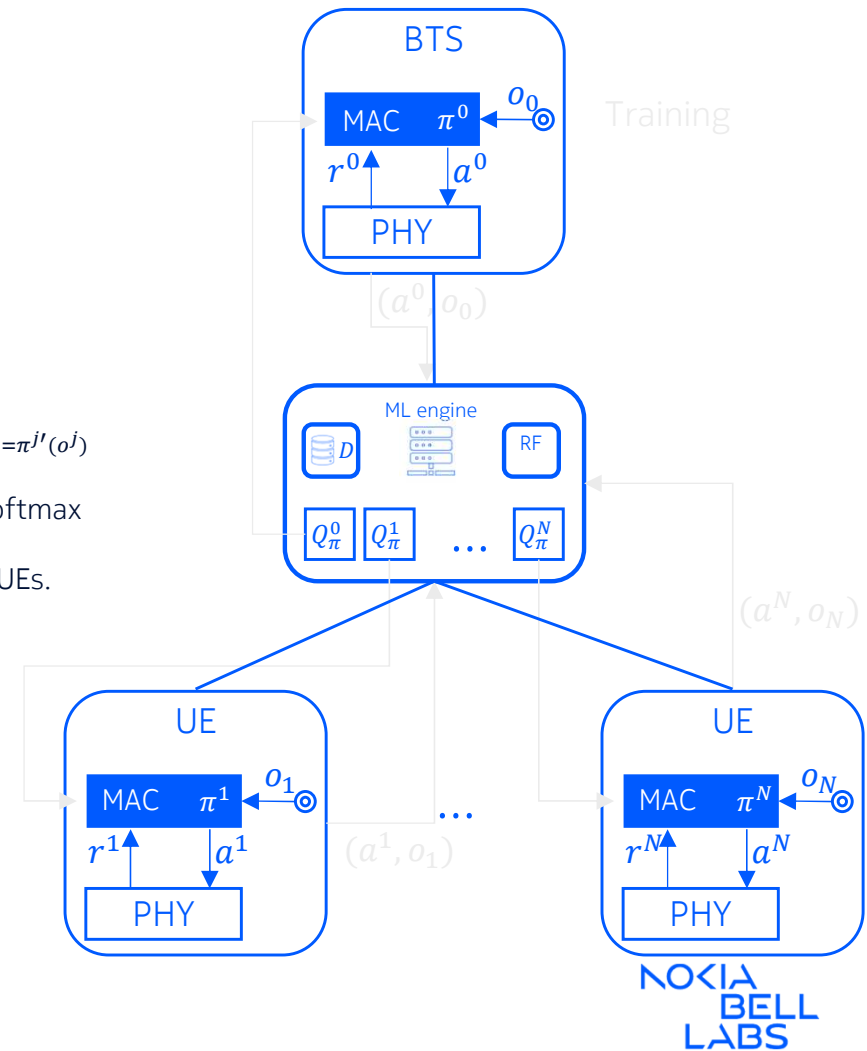
$$\mathcal{L}(\theta_i) = \mathbb{E}_{x, a, r, x'} [(Q_{\pi}^i(x, a^0, \dots, a^N) - y)^2] \text{ with } y = r_i + \gamma Q_{\pi'}^i(x', a^{0'}, \dots, a^{N'}) |_{a^{j'} = \pi^{j'}(o^j)}$$

Signaling messages are soft approximations to discrete messages using Gumbel-Softmax

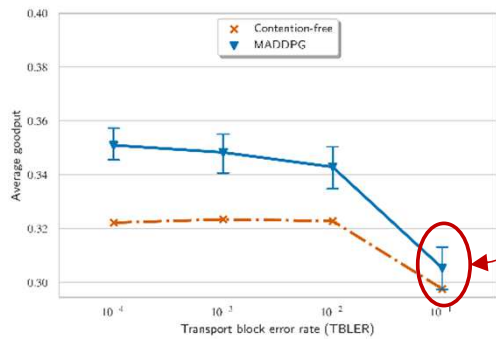
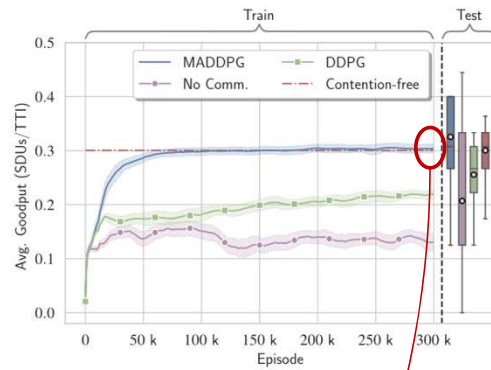
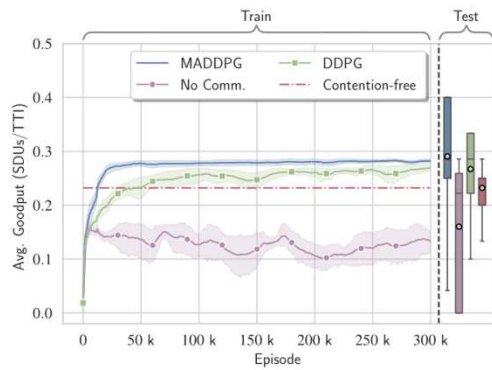
General-purpose protocol: A single UE policy is trained, and regularly copied to the UEs.

Goal-specific protocol: UE-specific policies can be trained.

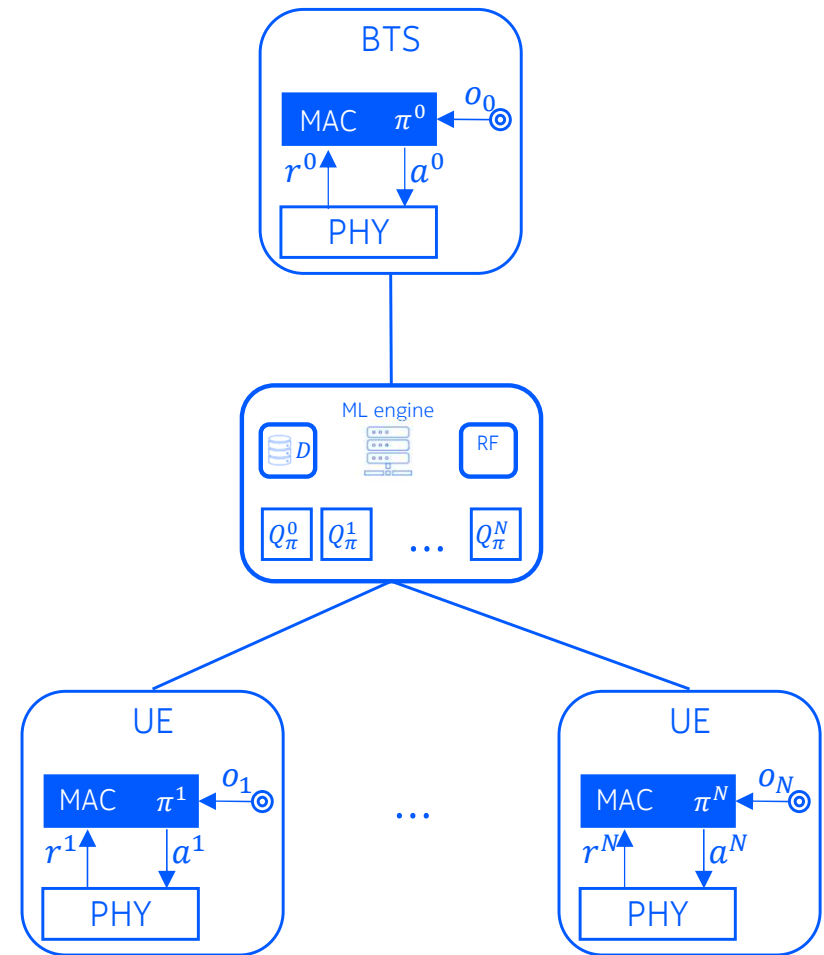
Population-based training: Survival of the fittest protocol



Emerging a radio MAC feature With MADDPG



Emerged protocols outperform baseline in different scenarios

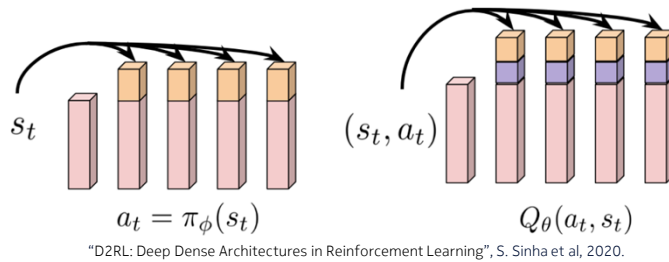


NOKIA
BELL
LABS

Emerging a radio MAC feature

Scalability tricks

D2RL (Deep Dense Architectures in RL)



JSRL (Jump Start Reinforcement Learning)

- Pre-training
- Knowledge transfer through a guide policy

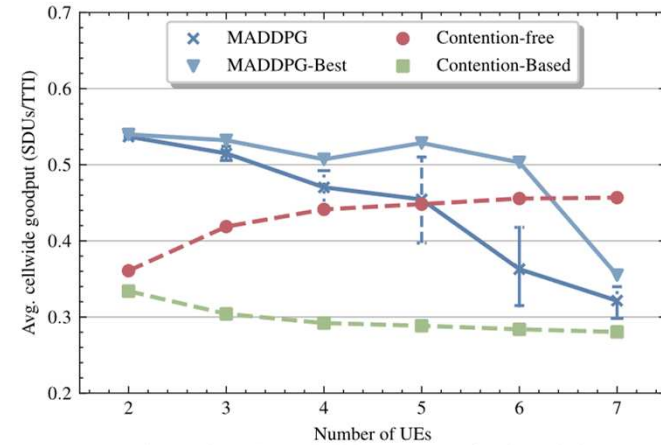
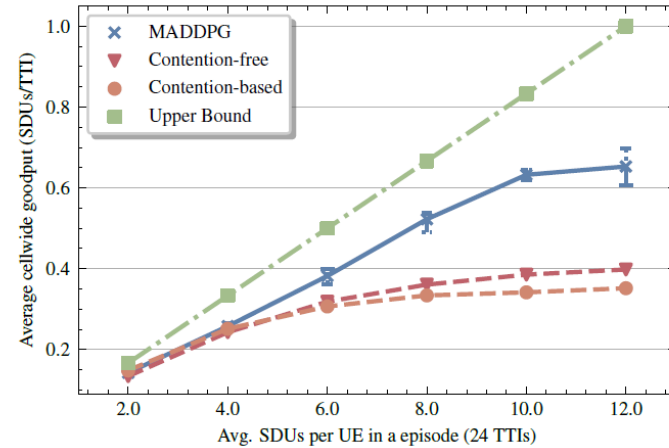
I. Uchendu, T. Xiao, Y. Lu, Banghua Zhu, M. Yan, J. Simon, M. Bennice, C. Fu, Cong Ma, J. Jiao, S. Levine, and K. Hausman. 2023. "Jump-start reinforcement learning". In Proceedings of the 40th International Conference on Machine Learning (ICML'23), Vol. 202.

Reward standardization

```
Initialize:
rewards_sum = 0
rewards_squared_sum = 0
num_rewards = 0

For each reward r:
rewards_sum += r
rewards_squared_sum += r * r
num_rewards += 1

mean = rewards_sum / num_rewards
variance = rewards_squared_sum / num_rewards - mean * mean
std_dev = sqrt(variance + epsilon)
standardized_reward = (r - mean) / std_dev
```



M. P. Mota, A. Valcarlos and J. -M. Gorce, "Scalable Joint Learning of Wireless Multiple-Access Policies and their Signaling," 2022 IEEE 95th Vehicular Technology Conference: (VTC2022-Spring), Helsinki, Finland, 2022, pp. 1-5, doi: 10.1109/VTC2022-Spring



The AI-based Air Interface (AI-AI)

Key takeaways



Customization

Customer/application/site-specific radio protocol stacks



Performance

KPI-led system design



Automation

Create features rapidly, reproducibly and without human intervention



Science

Explore exotic solutions (protocols and policies)

The AI-based Air Interface (AI-AI)

Open challenges



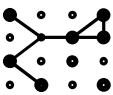
Standardization

Data collection, training metrics, enablers, model management



Testing

Pass/fail criteria, debugging methods



Computational complexity & scalability

Training/inference time, real-time requirements



Interpretability

black-box models, interpreting large models, privacy

Test. Measure. Innovate

**THANK YOU
VERY MUCH**

ROHDE & SCHWARZ

Make ideas real

