Test Automation Tool for POLQA[®] and PESQ[®] Speech Quality Tests Application Note

Products:

I	R&S [®] UPV	Ι	R&S [®] UPV-K63
I	R&S [®] UPV66	Ι	R&S [®] UPL-Z1
I	R&S [®] UPV-K1	Ι	R&S [®] CMU200
I	R&S [®] UPV-K61	Ι	R&S [®] CMW500

This application note provides an application program for level alignment, test automation and reporting with PESQ[®], POLQA[®] and delay measurements on the Audio Analyzer R&S[®]UPV or R&S[®]UPV66. An introductory section explains theoretical background, gives application hints and defines requirements for test signals.



Table of Contents

1	POLQA® and PESQ® Measurements 4
1.1	Objective Perceptual Speech Test Methods4
1.2	Bandwidth and Listening Situation4
1.3	Reference Signals5
1.4	POLQA® and PESQ [®] on the R&S [®] Audio Analyzer UPV6
1.5	POLQA® vs. PESQ®6
1.6	Signal Levels7
2	Using the Application Program9
2.1	Installation9
2.2	User Interface9
2.3	Choosing a signal Path10
2.3.1	Uplink11
2.3.2	Downlink12
2.3.3	Loopback on the Network Side13
2.3.4	Loopback on the Mobile Side14
2.3.5	Connection Cable between UPV and CMU Speech Connector15
2.3.6	Connection Cable between UPV and UE Headset Connector15
2.4	Calibration Functions16
2.4.1	Decoder Calibration16
2.4.2	Encoder Calibration17
2.4.3	Mobile Input Calibration18
2.4.3.1	M. I. Speech Cal19
2.4.4	Mobile Output Calibration19
2.4.5	In / Out Calibration19
2.4.6	Loading Calibration Values from File20
2.5	Loading a Setup and Starting a Measurement in Manual Mode20
2.5.1	Configuring the Test Signal20
2.5.2	Choosing an equalizer filter21
2.5.3	Options to be Carried out after Loading the Setup22
2.5.4	Loading a Setup22
2.6	Using the Monitor function22
2.7	Running POLQA [®] or PESQ [®] Tests Automatically24

2.7.1	User Interface of the Test Automation Tab	24
2.7.2	Compiling a List of Test Signals	24
2.7.3	Test and Averaging Options	25
2.7.4	Starting a Test Sequence	27
2.8	POLQA [®] and PESQ [®] Test Results	27
2.8.1	Viewing Results in the Data Grid	28
2.8.2	Statistical Evaluation and Limit Check of Result Data	30
2.8.3	Entering Auxiliary Data	30
2.8.4	Previewing a Report	31
2.8.5	Printing a Report	31
2.8.6	Export of Result Data to an ASCII file	32
2.9	Delay Measurements	32
2.10	Delay Results	33
3	Literature	. 34
4	Ordering Information	. 35

1 POLQA® and PESQ® Measurements

1.1 Objective Perceptual Speech Test Methods

POLQA® and PESQ® are objective perceptual speech test methods.

A speech test method rates the quality of a speech signal as opposed to a conversational rating where impairments like round-trip delay are judged for their impact on a conversation.

A perceptual test method delivers results which assess degradations the same way as human beings would do. Non-perceptual test methods usually determine physical entities like voltage level.

A possible implementation of a perceptual test is a subjective listening test, e.g. according to ITU-T P.800. In a subjective test, speech signals are presented to subjects under standardized listening conditions (level, playback equipment) with a well-defined judgement task or question. Such a task could be to categorize the quality of a presented speech signal according to the question "how good does the voice sample sound?" into one of five steps between 5 = "Excellent" and 1 = "Bad". The answers from many subjects are averaged to obtain a so-called "MOS" (Mean Opinion Score).

An objective perceptual speech test method implements a complex algorithm which predicts results expected from subjective tests by applying psychoacoustic and perceptive models to the test signals. The algorithm is verified by comparing the results to MOS scores obtained in subjective listening tests. A mapping function may be applied for better matching between the objective and subjective MOS scores.

PESQ[®] and POLQA[®] are so-called full-reference test methods. They analyze the original ("Reference") speech signal and the degraded signal and compare attributes extracted from both for obtaining an assessment of the degradation.

1.2 Bandwidth and Listening Situation

In telephony different bandwidths are defined:

- Narrowband (300 Hz ~ 3400 Hz)
- Wideband (100 Hz ~ 7 kHz)
- Superwideband (50 Hz ~ 14 kHz)
- Fullband (20 Hz ~ 20 kHz).

PESQ[®] provides a narrowband and a wideband mode. In both cases listening tests for the verification of the algorithm were performed monaural using a so-called IRS type receiver. The same applies to the POLQA[®] narrowband mode.

In POLQA® superwideband mode the subjective tests are performed with high-quality stereo headphones. POLQA® does not provide a wideband mode.

ITU-T P.863 mode	Signal bandwidth	Listening situation	Scale	Output
Super- wideband	Superwideband wideband narrowband	Flat headphone diffuse field equalized, diotic presentation	MOS ACR superwideband scale	MOS-LQOsw
Narrowband	Narrowband	IRS receive handset, monotic presentation	Narrowband scale comparable to [b-ITU-T P.862] in conjunction with [b-ITU-T P.862.1]	MOS-LQOn

Figure 1: Modes of POLQA® and their application (from ITU-T P.863)

POLQA[®] superwideband mode can be applied to narrowband, wideband and superwideband signals. The MOS scores will also reflect the degradation caused by the respective bandwidth limitation.

POLQA[®] narrowband mode is provided for compatibility with assessment of narrowband telephony and backward compatibility with P.862.1 (PESQ with mapping of PESQ scores to a MOS scale). In all other application cases the superwideband mode of POLQA[®] should be used.

1.3 Reference Signals

Clean speech "reference" signals should preferably have the following properties:

- at least three seconds of active speech
- at least one second of silence between active speech periods
- no more than 6 seconds of active speech
- total length of test sample including silence should be no more than 12 seconds
- active speech level of -26 dBov
- 16-bit linear PCM encoded
- noise floor < -80dBov (A)
- speech pauses should not be digital zero but contain noise signal < -80dBov(A)

The level in the speech reference files is specified in "dBov" ("dB overload") which is the level referenced to a full-scale square wave signal. A full-scale sinewave signal has a rms level of -3 dBov.

Usually one reference signal file contains a pair of sentences separated by a short silence.

Reference signals for POLQA[®] superwideband should be sampled at a rate of 48 kHz and bandwidth-limited to 50 Hz ~ 14 kHz.

Reference signals for POLQA[®] narrowband should be bandwidth-limited to 50 Hz \sim 3.8 kHz and sampled at a rate of 8 kHz.

For PESQ[®] narrowband tests according to P.862 and P.862.1 the file must have a sample rate of 8 or 16 kHz. For PESQ[®] wideband according to P.826.2 the file must have a sample rate of 16 kHz. The specified wave file should contain speech signal with approximately 8-10 seconds length.

The reference signals should have a leading and a trailing silence at least as long as the expected end-to-end delay in the transmission path under test. This allows

temporal alignment of the degraded signal with the reference signal without loosing portions of the speech.

Codecs and other signal processing algorithms as well as the POLQA[®] and PESQ[®] algorithms may react differently to different voices. Therefore it is recommended to conduct tests with two female and two male voices and average the results.

Speech samples "English female 1" and "English male 2" of ITU-T recommendation B-ITU-T P.501 fulfill the requirements for POLQA[®] reference files. They should additionally be filtered to the SWB or NB frequency range, respectively. These filtered files are included with the installer of this application note.

1.4 POLQA[®] and PESQ[®] on the R&S[®] Audio Analyzer UPV

The PESQ[®] algorithm according to ITU-T P.862 is available on the R&S® Audio analyzer UPV, called herein below "UPV", as keycode option UPV-K61. POLQA[®] according to ITU-T P.863 is provided with option UPV-K63. A description of all parameters and results is given in the current manual of the UPV and in the on-screen context help. Detailed application guides are available in application notes 1GA49 and 1MA202.

1.5 POLQA[®] vs. PESQ[®]

POLQA[®] was developed to enhance the range of test factors, coding technologies and applications compared to PESQ[®].

Comparison PESQ [®] - POLQA [®]				
Test Factors				
Test Factor	PESQ®	POLQA®		
Speech input levels to a codec		x		
Transmission channel errors	x	x		
Packet loss and packet loss concealment	х	x		
Bit rates if a codec has more than one bit-rate mode	х	х		
Transcodings	х	x		
Acoustic noise in sending environment		x		
Effect of varying delay in listening only tests		x		
Short-term time warping of audio signal		х		
Long-term time warping of audio signal		x		
Listening levels between 53 and 78 dB(A) SPL in superwideband mode		х		
Packet loss and packet loss concealment with PCM type codecs	х	x		
Temporal and amplitude clipping of speech	х	x		

Comparison PESQ [®] - POLQA [®]				
Test Factors				
Test Factor	PESQ®	POLQA®		
Linear distortions, including bandwidth limitations and spectral shaping ('non-flat frequency responses')		x		
Frequency response		x		
Effect of delay in conversational tests				
Talker echo				
Sidetone				
Acoustic noise in receiving environment				

The last four test factors are addressed by neither of both methods.

Comparison PESQ [®] - POLQA [®]				
Applications				
Application	PESQ®	POLQA®		
Codec evaluation	Х	Х		
Terminal testing, influence of the acoustical path and the transducer in sending and receiving direction.		X		
(NOTE – Acoustical path in receiving direction only for SWB mode.)		Х		
Bandwidth extensions		Х		
Live network testing using digital or analogue connection to the network	Х	Х		
Testing of emulated and prototype networks	Х	Х		
UMTS, CDMA, GSM, TETRA, WB-DECT ,VoIP, POTS, PSTN, Video Telephony, Bluetooth	x	х		
Voice Activity Detection (VAD), Automatic Gain Control (AGC)		Х		
Voice Enhancement Devices (VED), Noise Reduction (NR)		Х		
Discontinuous Transmission (DTX), Comfort Noise Insertion		Х		
Non-intrusive measurements				
Two-way communications performance				

The last two applications are supported by neither of both methods.

1.6 Signal Levels

Due to an inherent level alignment, the PESQ[®] algorithm itself is rather insensitive to absolute levels. Despite this fact, the signal level on the transmission path under test may heavily influence the PESQ[®] result. Overdriving the transmissions path causes degradation by clipping. A low level on the transmission path may cause degradation by noise. In particular in cases where speech codecs, noise suppression and other non-linear signal processing is involved, a reproducible signal level on the transmission path may be prerequisite for reproducible PESQ[®] results.

The POLQA® algorithm in superwideband mode as defined in ITU-T P.863 rates the absolute listening level. For obtaining a correct rating, a "gain" factor has to be specified, calculated from several gain factors like artificial ear sensitivity and a factor depending on the analyzer input range. If there is not sufficient information for calculating this gain factor, or for the narrowband mode, the level of the degraded signal should be normalized for the POLQA® algorithm. From UPV firmware 3.3.1, the analyzer function "POLQA" offers an "Auto Gain" parameter which can be activated for this purpose.

This application note provides an application program which runs on the Audio Analyzer R&S®UPV or R&S®UPV66 and can be used to calibrate signal levels for the PESQ® and POLQA® measurements. For the R&S® Universal Radio Communication Tester CMU200, called herein below "CMU", calibration routines are provided which make use of the "Decoder Cal" and "Encoder Cal" functions. "Decoder Cal" outputs a full-scale sinewave signal with a frequency of 1 kHz. "Encoder Cal" loops back the digital samples from the A/D converter output to the D/A converter input. For loopback measurements and equipment other than the CMU, a so-called "In / Out – Calibration" is provided which determines approximate full-scale input and output levels of the transmission path from the saturation point of the input-output curve.

For Voice over LTE (VoLTE) tests with a VoIP client installed on a PC or on the UPV itself, the "Decoder Cal" and "Encoder Cal" functionality can be realized by auxiliary programs or by appropriate settings in an audio editor.

The application program allows to specify a test signal and the test signal level relative to full-scale of the input of the transmission path. Furthermore it allows to load a prepared setup and enter the generator reference value and analyzer range according to the determined full-scale values.

To achieve a correct spectrum of the speech signal in the sound pressure at the socalled "Mouth Reference Point" (MRP), an equalization of the electric input signal is required. A coarse equalization can be done with an appropriate filter loaded in the Generator function panel of the UPV. The described application program provides means for loading such a filter automatically. A filter file for equalizing the typical average frequency response of the Bruel & Kjaer Head-and-Torso simulator 4128 is included with the files provided.

The microphone in the artificial ear delivers an electric signal which is proportional to the sound pressure at its membrane ("Eardrum Reference Point", DRP). To obtain a flat frequency response related to a virtual "Ear Reference Point" (ERP) or related to the sound pressure in a diffuse sound field or free field, respectively, appropriate corrections have to be applied which can be automatically loaded as an analyzer filter by the application program. Filters for DRP-ERP correction, free field correction and diffuse field correction of the type 3.3 artificial ear of the head-and-torso simulator are included with the files provided.

2 Using the Application Program

2.1 Installation

Copy the installer "1GA62.msi" to the UPV hard disk, e.g. to "D:\R&S Software", and start the installer. Follow the instructions on the screen.

The installer creates the program directory "C:\Program Files\Rohde&Schwarz\1GA62" with all required files. Furthermore the installation creates shortcuts on the desktop and in subfolder "R&S UPV Applications" in the program menu.

Upon the first start of the program, a subdirectory "1GA62" will be created in "D:\UPV" which contains all related user data like UPV setups, program settings and files with calibration data.

2.2 User Interface

ahaaaa airmal	POLQA and Delay Test Tool
choose signal	Uplink Downlink Loop on Network Side Loop on Mobile Side Monitor Test Control Results Delay Mea
help on	Show Schematic Show Instructions C CS (CMU) C VoLTE w. ext. MS C VoLTE on CMW
connections	Decoder Cal. D:\UPV\1GA62\CMU_Dec.cd Browse 1034.58 mV
calibration functions	Mobile Input Cal. D:\UPV\1GA62\Mob_In.ccl Browse 90.38 mV Calibration Level
	M. I. Speech Cal.
	In/Out Cal. In/Out Speech Cal.
signal	Test Signal wav File C:\UPV\Config\ref\PolqaRef48000.wav Browse Clear
parameters	Set Fs of way file to 4.0 dBFs (pk) of mobile input Scale Pk to FS Single C Cont.
load setup,	Load Setup D:\UPV\1GA62\POLQA_Wide_Uplink_Autogain.set Browse and Load Setup
enter signal,	
calibration	Use Generator Filter
filters for	
analyzer and	
generator	
	Minimize After Loading Setup After Loading Setup Change to Test Control After Loading Setup Clear All Values Close
	✓ Start Measurement After Loading Setup ✓ Change to Results for Test

Figure 2: User interface of the application program

The main window of the application program provides nine tabs. The first four tabs are labeled according to the four transmission types "uplink", "downlink", "Loopback on Network Side" and "Loopback on Mobile Side". Each tab provides the appropriate calibration functions for the respective transmission type. In addition there is one tab each for monitor, test control and results, delay measurement and delay results.

Two help buttons on each of the first four tabs give instructions in schematic and in text how to set up the connections. Connection types can be circuit switched with CMU200 and Voice over LTE with CMW500 and external VoLTE client ("Media Server").

The next section of the user interface provides a row for each required calibration value. The value, if available, is shown on the respective right end. The buttons on the left end start the appropriate calibration routines. In the center a textbox shows the name of the file which stores the current calibration value. Stored values can be loaded using the "Browse" buttons.

Another section follows which allows to specify a wave file to be used as test signal file, and the full-scale value of the wave file relative to the determined full-scale value of the signal path input.

The last section in each tab handles the setup to be used for the test. The text box in the center shows the file name. With the "Load Setup" button, the setup is loaded to the UPV, the generator reference value, signal file name and voltage value are entered and the analyzer range is set appropriately. To load a setup from a file different from the one shown in the text box, use the "Browse and Load Setup" button. For the uplink direction it is possible to load a filter file for speaker equalization. In the downlink tab a filter file for ear correction can be loaded.

The checkboxes below the tabs allow to automatically minimize the window of the application program after the setup has been loaded, and/or to start a (single) measurement immediately afterwards. Two more checkboxes allow to configure to change to the test control tab after a setup has been loaded and to change to the results tab as soon as a test sequence starts.

The user interface of the last six tabs is described with monitor, test automation and reporting functionality further below.

The program memorizes all settings and calibration values in a special file from where they are loaded when the program starts. The button "Clear all Values" can be used to clear the settings and calibration values in all tabs.

2.3 Choosing a signal Path

Besides the traditional transmission directions "uplink" (also called "sending", seen from the mobile phone's point of view) and "downlink" (also called "receiving"), the application program also handles setups with loopback of the signal. The loopback may be established on the network side (CMU) or on the mobile side.

In the following section, electrical connections and settings are described for use of the CMU as network interface. Each transmission direction requires an RF connection between CMU and mobile phone.

In other situations other equipment may be connected in a similar matter. Particularly for POLQA in superwideband mode, the electric connections may be replaced by a head-and-torso simulator in case the acoustic performance of the UE should be part of the path to be evaluated, or if no electric connection is possible.

2.3.1 Uplink



Figure 3: Uplink signal path using the CMU200

For CMU200 connect:

- UPV generator output 1 to mobile input (headset or handsfree car kit connector)
- CMU speech output to UPV analyzer input 2, using link handler cable 1117.4082.00

Use adapter 1117.4124.00 for link handler 2 if required.

Establish call from the CMU to the mobile.

For the PESQ[®], POLQA[®] and delay measurements set the CMU speech codec to "Handset Low".

For the calibration functions follow the instructions on the screen.



Figure 4: Uplink signal path using the CMW500

For CMW500 connect:

- UPV generator output 1 to mobile input (headset or handsfree carkit connector).
- CMW AF1 OUT to UPV analyzer input 2, using BNC cable and UP-Z1 adapter.

Set the scenario in the CMW audio measurement to "External Analog Speech Analysis". Set the decoder calibration value to the output level full-scale (peak) of the CMW audio measurement. Establish call with speech connection from the CMW to the mobile.

2.3.2 Downlink



Figure 5: Downlink signal path using the CMU200

For CMU200 connect:

 UPV generator output 2 to CMU speech input, using link handler cable 1117.4082.00

Use adapter 1117.4124.00 for link handler 2 if required.

• mobile output (headset or handsfree car kit connector) to UPV analyzer input 1

Establish call from the CMU to the mobile.

For the $\text{PESQ}^{\texttt{B}},$ $\text{POLQA}^{\texttt{B}}$ and delay measurements set the speech coder to "Handset Low".

For the calibration functions follow the instructions on the screen.



Figure 6: Downlink signal path using the CMW500

For CMW500 connect:

- UPV generator output 2 to AF1 IN of the CMW500.
- mobile output (headset or handsfree carkit connector) to UPV analyzer input 1

Set the scenario in the CMW audio measurement to "External Analog Speech Analysis". Set the encoder calibration value to the input level full-scale (peak) of the CMW audio measurement. Establish call with speech connection from the CMW to the mobile.

2.3.3 Loopback on the Network Side



Figure 7: Signal path for circuit switched loopback on the network side using the CMU200

For CMU200 speech connect:

- UPV generator output 1 to mobile input (headset or handsfree car kit connector)
- mobile output (headset or handsfree car kit connector) to UPV analyzer input 1

Establish call from the CMU to the mobile.

For the PESQ[®], POLQA[®] and delay measurements set the speech coder to "Loopback".

For the calibration functions follow the instructions on the screen.



Figure 8: Signal path for loopback on the network side using the CMW500

For CMW500 connect:

- UPV generator output 1 to mobile input (headset or handsfree carkit connector)
- mobile output (headset or handsfree carkit connector) to UPV analyzer input 1

Set the scenario in the CMW audio measurement to "External Analog Speech Analysis". If possible, establish call with speech connection and run the mobile input speech calibration in the uplink tab and the mobile output calibration in the downlink tab.

Establish call to the mobile with speech loopback in the CMW.

2.3.4 Loopback on the Mobile Side



Figure 9: Signal path for loopback on the mobile side with CMU200

For circuit switched speech connect:

- UPV generator output 2 to CMU speech input, using link handler cable 1117.4082.00
- CMU speech output to UPV analyzer input 2, using link handler cable 1117.4082.00

Use adapter 1117.4124.00 for link handler 2 if required.

Establish call from the CMU to the mobile.

For the PESQ[®], POLQA[®] and delay measurements set the speech coder to "Codec Cal".

For the calibration functions follow the instructions on the screen.



Figure 10: Signal path for loopback on the mobile side with CMW500

For voice over LTE connect:

- UPV generator output 2 to AF1IN of the CMW500.
- AF1OUT of the CMW500 to UPV analyzer input 2.

Set the scenario in the CMW audio measurement to "External Analog Speech Analysis". Set the decoder calibration value to the output level full-scale (peak) of the CMW audio measurement. Set the encoder calibration value to the input level full-scale (peak) of the CMW audio measurement. Establish call with speech loopback in the mobile.

2.3.5 Connection Cable between UPV and CMU Speech Connector

A cable with male (analyzer) and female (generator) XLR connector is required for connection of the UPV to the "Speech" connector of the Digital Radio Communication Tester CMU. The schematic is as shown below:



Figure 11: Cable for CMU200 speech connector Instead of XLR connectors, BNC connectors can be used in connection with UPL-Z1 XLR-to-BNC adapters.

The cable as shown is configured for connection to link handler #1 in the CMU. Depending on the CMU hardware, link handler #2 in the CMU can also be used for GSM; in this case, pin 5 of the DB9 connector has to be connected to the UPV generator instead of pin 2, and pin 6 of the dB connector has to be connected to the UPV analyzer instead of pin 3.

The described cable (part no. 1117.4082.00) and an adapter for link handler #2 (part no. 1117.4124.00) is enclosed in option UPV-K9 (Base SW for mobile phone tests).

2.3.6 Connection Cable between UPV and UE Headset Connector

Cables for connection between UPV and the headset connector of the UE under test are available as option UP-Z9 (part no. 1411.3106.02). The accessory set comprises two cable assemblies: one with ground on the sleeve of the 4-pole 3.5 mm jack plug and one with ground on the second ring of the 4-pole 3.5 mm jack plug.

2.4 Calibration Functions



Figure 12: Calibration functions for uplink signal path

For each signal path, the appropriate calibration functions are displayed.

2.4.1 Decoder Calibration

This calibration value is required for uplink measurements, for the encoder calibration and mobile input calibration routines and for measurements with loopback on the mobile side.

For decoder calibration of the CMU200, the application program measures the peak full-scale output of the speech decoder circuit on the network side (CMU), which is connected to UPV analyzer input 2. For a circuit switched connection the CMU must be set to "Decoder Cal" (in GSM "Traffic Mode" on the "Network" tab, in WCDMA "Voice Settings \rightarrow Voice Source" in the "BS Signal" tab, in CDMA2000 "Primary Service Class \rightarrow Speech Service \rightarrow Service Option 3 \rightarrow Voice Coder" in the "Service Cfg." Tab). This operation mode requires an active call to the mobile under test. In other setups, the analog output on the network side must be configured to output a full-scale 1 kHz sinewave signal. In a VoLTE setup with external media server, auxiliary program "CsSinWav.exe" must be started while the media server software is idle or closed.

When the "Decoder Cal" button in the application program is clicked, the measurement routine starts. In case of an instable measurement result, a warning message is output, and the routine is aborted without storing the result. If a stable result is obtained, a file selector allows to choose an appropriate location and file name. The working directory "D:\UPV\1GA62" should be the preferred location for these files.

The decoder calibration value is alternatively obtained with the "In / Out Calibration" routines of uplink or loopback on the mobile side. The In/Out calibration requires an end-to-end connection of the type chosen with the respective tab.

In a circuit switched connection, a new decoder calibration is only necessary if the CMU or the link handler in the CMU is changed. In a VoLTE connection with external media server, the decoder calibration has to be re-run if the external soundcard is exchanged or if any hardware or software control settings for the sound car are changed.

When the CMW500 is used as system simulator, the decoder calibration routine is not required. The full-scale output voltage can be set in the user interface of the audio measurement. The scenario must be set to "External Analog Speech Analysis". Use the "Enter Value" button of the decoder calibration value to enter the value from the CMW500 user interface in the 1GA62 application program.

🚯 Audio Measureme	nt 1 - X3.2.30.2	70 - 40 -	Audio
Scenario External A	Analog Speech Analysis 🔻	AF IN Encoder AF C	NUT
Speech Analysis			Analysis
Signaling: Cl	DMA2000 Signaling 1	Connector:	AF-1
Input Level Full-Scal	le (Peak): 1.000 ∨	Output Level Full-Scale (F	Peak): 1.000 ∨
High Pass Filter:	6 Hz		
			CDMA2000 : Signaling Parameter
	Mobile Station		CDMA2000 1 Signaling ON
Input Ou Level Lev	itput vel	High Pass	Config

Figure 13: Calibration functions for uplink signal path

2.4.2 Encoder Calibration

This calibration value is required for downlink measurements and for measurements with loopback on the mobile side. A valid decoder calibration value is prerequisite for the calibration routine.

For encoder calibration, the application program adjusts the voltage at output 2 of the UPV generator to the encoder circuit on the network side (CMU) such that the full-scale decoder output voltage is measured at UPV analyzer input 2. For a circuit switched connection, the CMU must be set to "Encoder Cal" (in GSM "Traffic Mode" on the "Network" tab, in WCDMA "Voice Settings \rightarrow Voice Source" in the "BS Signal" tab, in CDMA2000 "Primary Service Class \rightarrow Speech Service \rightarrow Service Option $3 \rightarrow$ Voice Coder" in the "Service Cfg." Tab). This operation mode requires an active call to the mobile under test. In other setups, the analog output on the network side must be configured to loop back the signal from the input to the output with a gain of 1. For a VoLTE setup with external media server, auxiliary program "CsWavRec" must be started while the media server software is idle or closed.

When the "Encoder Cal" button in the application program is clicked, the measurement routine starts and tries to adjust the generator output voltage such that the full-scale decoder output voltage obtained in 2.4.1 is achieved. If the full-scale decoder output voltage cannot be adjusted, a warning message is output, and the routine is aborted without storing the result. If a stable result is obtained, the routine additionally measures the full-scale output voltage from the electric interface of the mobile. File selectors allow to choose appropriate location and file names for both result values. The working directory "D:\UPV\1GA62" should be the preferred location for these files.

The encoder calibration value is alternatively obtained with the "In / Out Calibration" routines of downlink or loopback on the mobile side. The In/Out calibration requires an end-to-end connection of the type chosen with the respective tab.

In a circuit switched connection, a new encoder calibration is only necessary if the CMU or the link handler in the CMU is changed. In a VoLTE connection with external media server, the encoder calibration has to be re-run if the external soundcard is exchanged or if any hardware or software control settings for the sound car are changed.

When the CMW500 is used as system simulator, the encoder calibration routine is not required. The full-scale input voltage can be set in the user interface of the CMW audio measurement. The scenario must be set to "External Analog Speech Analysis". Use the "Enter Value" button of the encoder calibration to enter the value from the CMW500 user interface in the 1GA62 application program.

2.4.3 Mobile Input Calibration

This calibration value is required for uplink measurements and for measurements with loopback on the network side. A valid decoder calibration value is prerequisite for the calibration routine. Prerequisite for the mobile input calibration is an active end-to-end speech connection.

For mobile input calibration, the application program adjusts the voltage at UPV generator output 1 to the mobile under test such that a certain decoder output voltage is measured at UPV analyzer input 2. The CMU must be set to "Handset Low" in GSM ("Traffic Mode" on the "Network" tab), to "Speechcodec Low" in WCDMA ("Voice Settings \rightarrow Voice Source" in the "BS Signal" tab) and to "8k Enhanced (Low)" in CDMA2000 ("Primary Service Class \rightarrow Speech Service \rightarrow Service Option 3 \rightarrow Voice Coder" in the "Service Cfg." Tab), respectively. This operation mode requires an active call to the mobile under test. In other setups, the analog output on the network side must be configured to provide a signal connection from the mobile under test to the network output.

The RMS level sent from UPV generator output 1 to the mobile input is adjusted such that the CMU decoder output connected to UPV analyzer input 2 corresponds to the dBm0 level selected in the "Calibration Level" field. The standard speech level is -16 dBm0. However, some mobiles with low sending sensitivity or with dynamic compression algorithms do not allow to reach this level. In this case the calibration level of -26 dBm0 can be used. This level is expected to be within the linear operating range of the uplink path.

The mobile input calibration has to be done for each individual mobile, if codec settings are changed or if settings in a mobile affecting the uplink signal path are changed.

2.4.3.1 M. I. Speech Cal.

When the "M. I. Speech Cal." button in the application program is clicked, the measurement routine for mobile input level calibration with a speech signal starts. If the decoder output voltage corresponding to the selected calibration level cannot be adjusted, a warning message is output, and the routine is aborted without storing the result. If a stable result is obtained, a file selector allows to choose an appropriate location and file name for the result value. The working directory "D:\UPV\1GA62" should be the preferred location for these files.

The mobile input calibration value is alternatively obtained with the "In / Out Calibration" routines of downlink or loopback on the mobile side. If a decoder calibration of the network interface is available, "M. I. Speech Cal." should be preferred to the In / Out calibration.

2.4.4 Mobile Output Calibration

This calibration value is required for downlink measurements and for measurements with loopback on the network side. A valid encoder calibration value is prerequisite for the calibration routine. Another prerequisite for the mobile output calibration is an active end-to-end speech connection.

When the "Mobile Output Cal" button in the application program is clicked, the UPV generator sends a speech signal and measures the peak output voltage of the mobile. This value can later be used to set the fix analyzer range for the measurements.

The mobile output calibration has to be run for each individual mobile, if codec settings are changed, the user volume control is changed or if any other settings in the mobile affecting the downlink signal path are changed.

2.4.5 In / Out Calibration

For each transmission direction, an "In / Out Calibration" routine is offered for the case that the network interface is not accessible (loopback on the network side), or does not provide the "Encoder Cal" and "Decoder Cal" routines.

In the case of uplink or loopback on the network side, the input of the transmission path in the electric input of the mobile under test, connected to UPV generator output 1. In case of downlink and loopback on the mobile side, the input of the transmission path is the speech coder input on the network side (CMU), connected to UPV generator output 2.

In case of uplink or loopback on the mobile side, the output of the transmission path is the speech decoder output on the network side (CMU), connected to UPV analyzer input 2. In case of downlink or loopback on the network side, the output of the transmission path is the electric output of the mobile under test, connected to UPV analyzer input 1.

The "In / Out Cal." Button starts the calibration routine. A pulsed 1 kHz tone is swept in amplitude, starting from a high voltage which is gradually decreased. In an ideal case, the curve of output level (logarithmic scale of the output voltage) over input level exhibits an almost horizontal branch at high levels due to the saturation of the transmission path an a diagonally rising branch at medium levels. Full-scale input and output voltage can be determined from the intersection point of the asymptotes of both branches.

Caution: Make sure that the input of the transmission path (e.g. mobile headset input or loudspeaker with power amplifier) is not damaged by the maximum UPV generator output voltage of 10dBV rms with sine burst and 10 V peak with speech signal. Do not use this function if you are not sure that the device is robust enough.

If the calibration routine is successful, file selectors allow to choose appropriate location and file names for both result values. The working directory "D:\UPV\1GA62" should be the preferred location for these files.

Also the In / Out calibration is provided in two versions: with pulsed sinewave and with natural speech as test signal.

2.4.6 Loading Calibration Values from File

The "Browse" button in each calibration line allows to load previously stored calibration values for each calibration type. The file name of the loaded value is entered in the text box in the center of the line. If the application program is ended, all calibration values and file names are stored in a file and reloaded at the next start of the application program.

2.5 Loading a Setup and Starting a Measurement in Manual Mode

2.5.1 Configuring the Test Signal

The application program allows to specify an appropriate wave (*.wav) file as test signal for the PESQ[®] or POLQA[®] test. For requirements on the test signals, see section 1.3.

The test signal file can be selected after clicking the "browse" button in the respective line. The name of the selected file is entered in the text box in the center of the line. If no file name is specified (empty string in the text box), no wave file is loaded to the UPV setup which means that the wave file specified in the loaded setup will be used. The textbox can be cleared using the "Clear" button on the right end of the line.

The full-scale level of the test signal relative to the full-scale level at the input of the transmission path under test is specified in the numeric up/down control in the next line of the user interface. If the full-scale value is not reached in the wave file, the specified full-scale value will not be reached at the UPV generator output. The signal from the wave file can be maximized in the UPV generator after loading by activating the checkbox "Scale Pk to FS". As different files usually have different crest factor, "Scale Pk to FS" does not mean that the rms level or active speech level at the generator output is normalized.

The level in the speech reference files is specified in "dBov" ("dB overload") which is the level referenced to a full-scale square wave signal. A full-scale sinewave signal has a rms level of -3 dBov. The level at the speech encoder is either specified in dBFS (referenced to the rms level of a full-scale sinewave) or in digital "dBm0" with

It is recommended to use speech files which have an internal active speech level of -26dBov = -23 dBFS. To reach the nominal level of -16 dBm0 = -19.14 dBFS in the encoder, the full-scale level of these test signals relative to full-scale of the encoder input or mobile input, respectively, should be set to 4 dB with "Scale Peak to FS" deactivated. To achieve a level of X dBm0 on the network, set the relative level to X + 20 dB. For example, for a network level of -26 dBm0 the relative level must be set to -6 dB.

If the test signal has a high crest factor, a full-scale generator output voltage higher than the full-scale input voltage of the transmission path under test (i.e. positive level difference in the numeric up/down control) may be required for optimal PESQ[®] or POLQA[®] result. In this case the positive effect of the higher average level has more influence than the potentially detrimental effect of temporal clipping at the signal peaks.

In the "Play" group box, the play mode for the test signal can be switched between "Single" and "Continuous". Continuous playback of the test signal keeps the speech path in an activated state. When a test is started, the UPV generator is reset and starts with the beginning of the file. When a significant speech delay is present, the end of the truncated speech can appear at the start of the degraded signal. To avoid this effect, switch the "Play" mode to "Single".

2.5.2 Choosing an equalizer filter

For uplink and for loopback on the network side a filter can be loaded to the generator for approximate equalization of a speaker response, e.g. in case an artificial mouth is used to send the signal to the microphone of the mobile under test. Note that the mobile input (speech) calibration has to be re-run when the downlink setting has been changed.

For downlink and for loopback on the network side another filter can be loaded to the analyzer for DRP-ERP correction of an artificial ear or for diffuse field or free field equalization of a head-and-torso simulator (HATS).

Click the associated "Browse" button to specify the desired filter file, which will automatically be loaded after a setup has been loaded. In folder "D:\UPV\1GA62" some equalization filters are provided for the HATS. "4128C.npz" provides an equalization for the average mouth frequency response of HATS type 4128C. "33_DIFF.npz" and "33_ERP.npz" provide the standard diffuse field equalization and DRP to ERP correction for the type 3.3 artificial ear.

Note that the mobile output calibration has to be re-run when the downlink setting has been changed.

2.5.3 Options to be Carried out after Loading the Setup

The application program can be configured to minimize the window of its user interface after loading a setup ("Minimize After Loading Setup"). This allows to control and watch the UPV window with the result displays.

If preferred, a single measurement can be started immediately after loading a setup ("Start Measurement After Loading Setup").

Alternatively the tab control in the user interface can change to the "Test Control" tab after loading a setup.

2.5.4 Loading a Setup

The button "Browse and Load Setup" in the tab area opens a file selector which allows to specify a UPV setup for the respective signal path. For each of the four types, various example setups are present in subfolder "D:\UPV\ 1GA62".

After selecting an appropriate file, the name is entered in the text box in the center of the line and the setup is loaded to the UPV. Thereafter, the relevant calibration value of the respective input of the transmission path is entered as generator reference voltage, the specified wave file is loaded to the "Play" function of the generator and the specified relative peak voltage is set in "dBr" units. The analyzer range is set to accommodate the maximum output voltage of the transmission path under test as specified in the relevant calibration value.

Attention: After changes in the calibration values, in the specification of the test signal and/or in the selection of a filter to be applied, the UPV setup specified in the text box has to be re-loaded using the "Load Setup" button.

2.6 Using the Monitor function

The "Monitor" tab can be used to listen to the speech signal in the current connection, using the built-in loudspeaker of the UPV or a headset connected to the headset jack on the front panel.

Before the monitor is switched on, an appropriate setup with appropriate signal file has to be loaded, using one of the first four tabs.



Figure 14: Controls in the Monitor tab

When the headphone output is enabled and the volume setting is higher than -20 dB, the volume is automatically reduced to -20 dB to protect the listener's ears. The volume can subsequently be re-adjusted also to higher values. When another tab in the tab control is selected, the monitor output is disabled unless the "Keep Monitor on when Leaving this Tab" checkbox is checked. In the latter case the speaker remains active even if a new setup is loaded or automatic tests are started. The controls in the "Monitor" tab are disabled while automated tests are running.

2.7 Running POLQA® or PESQ® Tests Automatically

2.7.1 User Interface of the Test Automation Tab

The "Test Control" tab provides all controls necessary to set up and run POLQA[®] and PESQ[®] test sequences.

Options for test	POLQA and Delay Test Tool					
iteration and	Uplink Downlink Loop on Network Side Loop on Mobile Side Monitor Test Control Results Delay Mea					
averaging results	Play Test Repetitions					
from one signal	ⓒ Single ◯ Cont. Repet. per signal: 5 🚊 Ignore 0 🚔 highest and 0 🚔 lowest scores					
Normalization	Normalization (POLQA only, PESQ is always normalized) Minimum degraded level					
options for the degraded signal	C once per test signal C for each test run					
with POLQA	Test Signal MOS Weighting - Store Degraded Signals					
Watch for dropped	Equal C Acc. to length If Store to D:\UPV\Degraded Browse					
connection	Test Signals					
Weighting with	N ∠ Sel, &ignal Name Dur. (s) L. (dB) Pk to FS Folder Path					
averaging of	▶ 1 🔽 ef1_SWB 8 4 🗌 D:\UPV\1GA62					
different signals	2					
Collection of						
degraded signals						
in wav files						
Test signals	Add Edit Remv. Up Down Run Marked Run Selected Run All					
Edit signal list	☑ Uplink ☑ Dewnlink ☐ Loopback on Network Side ☐ Loopback on Mobile Side					
Start test sequence	Minimize After Leading Setup					
Specify test direction(s)	After Loading Setup Close Close					

Figure 15: User interface of the "Test Control" tab

2.7.2 Compiling a List of Test Signals

The data grid in the center of the tab shows the compilation of test signals with which the tests are to be run.

Test Signals						
	Δ.	Sel	Signal Name	Length (s)	Pk. re FS (d	Folder Path 🔺
•	1	◄	ef02_s001_SWB	8.000	0.00	D:\ITU-T_new_speech\
	2	◄	ef02_s002_SWB	8.000	0.00	D:\ITU-T_new_speech\
	3		ef02_s003_SWB	8.000	0.00	D:\ITU-T_new_speech\
	4		ef02_s004_SWB	8.000	0.00	D:\ITU-T_new_speech\
	5	◄	ef03_s001_SWB	8.000	0.00	D:\ITU-T_new_speech\
	6	◄	ef03_s002_SWB	8.000	0.00	D:\ITU-T_new_speech\
						<u>→</u>

Figure 16: List of test signals

The context menu of the test signal list provides the following entries:



Figure 17:Context menu of test signal list

The list can be edited using the buttons below the left half of the grid or with the respective entries in the context menu. The "Add" and "Edit" buttons open an entry window where the source file and the relative level can be set:

Row number in the list — wav file name ————	Signal
Length of the wav file	Signal name ef02_s003_SWB
Signal level (peak FS	Signal length 8
of wav file relative to	Relative signal level 0.000 🔹 dB
peak FS of path input)	Folder path D:\ITU-T_new_speech\SWB
Folder path of signal file	
Browse signal file	Browse File Cancel Save

Figure 18: Entry window for editing test signals or adding test signals to the list

To add a signal to the list, click the "Add" button in the Test Control tab, click the "Browse File" button in the signal window and browse to the desired speech signal file. The relative signal level is preset with the value from the first four tabs of the main window. It can be adjusted individually for each signal.

Add Edit	Remv.	Up	Down
----------	-------	----	------

Figure 19: Buttons for modifying the signal list

With the buttons "Edit", "Remv.", Up and Down, entries in the signal list and their order in the list can be modified.

A subset of the signal files in the list can be selected for use with the checkboxes in the "Sel." Column.

Test signal lists can be saved, loaded and appended using the respective entries in the context menu of the test signal list.

2.7.3 Test and Averaging Options

Test Repetitions	
Number of repetitions for each signal: 7	Ignore 1 📫 highest and 1 👘 lowest scores

Figure 20: Test repetitions group box in the test control tab

Each signal can be applied multiple times as specified in the "Test Repetitions" group box. Erroneously extreme results can be excluded from averaging. However, all results will appear in the detailed results list and taken into account for the minimum and maximum result values in the overview.

-Normalization (POLQA only, PE	Normalization (POLQA only, PESQ is always normalized)												
Normalize degraded signal	C once per test signal	C for each test run	🔿 use Auto Gain										

Figure 21: POLQA[®] normalization group box in the test control tab

As POLQA[®] as standardized in ITU-T P.863 does not apply automatic level normalization of the degraded signal, additional normalization should be applied unless a meaningful "Gain" value calculated from all involved external gains is available and can be entered in the Analyzer function panel. Normalization can be done once per test signal keeping the "Gain" value determined in the first test run for the subsequent tests with the same signal. Another option is to repeat the normalization for each test run which may increase test time. From UPV firmware 3.3.1, analyzer function "POLQA" offers an "Auto Gain" feature which does the level normalization for each test run in the analyzer. This way, a repetition of the test with changed gain value is not necessary.

```
Test Signal MOS Weighting —

© Equal © Acc. to length
```

Figure 22: Weighting group box in the test control tab

The results from all test runs on the same signal are averaged with the possible exclusions specified in the "Test Repetitions" field. For each sequence run, a total average is calculated from the averaged per-test-signal results. This averaging over all applied test signals can be done with equal weight or weighted according to the respective length of the test signal files. These options can be chosen in the "Test Signal MOS Weighting" group box.

-Store Degra	ded Signals	
🗖 Store to	D:\UPV\Degraded	Browse

Figure 23: Folder for degraded signals in the test control tab

Degraded test signals can be collected in a specified folder for subsequent analysis of degradation. The folder is specified in the "Store Degraded Signals" group box. The way file names are automatically generated from the test file name and a number extension. Each degraded file name will appear in the detailed results list to unambiguously assign the degraded signal file to each result.

Minimum degraded level	
Abort if deg. level < -99 📩 d	в

Figure 24: Minimum degraded level groupbox in the test control tab

The "Minimum Degraded Level" group box allows to set a threshold for the degraded level. If the associated checkbox is activated, a running test sequence is aborted when this limit is violated. This allows to automatically react to a lost speech connection.

2.7.4 Starting a Test Sequence



Figure 25: Direction group box in the test control tab

Before starting a test sequence, the desired test direction(s) should be selected in the group box below the start buttons. Thus it is possible to run e.g. uplink and downlink tests in one sequence.

If no direction is selected before the start of a test sequence, it is assumed that all tests are to be run with a setup that has been loaded to the UPV firmware either manually or using the functionality of the first four tabs in this program. A confirmation for this is prompted before the sequence starts.

For each selected direction, the setup specified in the respective tab of the user interface is automatically loaded. However, test signals and levels are set according to the test signal list in the "Test Control" tab.

2.8 POLQA[®] and PESQ[®] Test Results

	And	1.0.4	To	rt Tool										
Overview over	Unlie	u l	Der	undink (aanha	ali an Nat	wark Sida Laaphaak		la Sida	Test	Control	Results		
results,	- Opin			vinnik i	.000008	ack on Net	work side Loopback		le side	Test	Control	Kesales		
averaged per	Res	uits	. c	Manaura	D\17	Direction	Signal	Longth	мос		min ki	Dolau (mo)	man D	noire 🔺
signal		191 7 7	10	neasure	OWD	Direction	signal	Cengin	0.01	111dX.	0.76	140	140	110
- griai		- 0+	ntic	TiocBacu	SWD H	Uplink	eruz_suu1_SWB	0.000	3.01	3.90	3.76	142	140	110
Open link to				DOLOA	E WB	Unlink	-f02 -002 SWB	0.000	9.9E	2.75	2.61	147	149	145
detailed		12	Ţ	POLQA	SWD	Uplink	ef02_s002_SWB	8.000	3.55	3.75	2.01	147	172	145
results	1-6	14	Ť	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	ef02_s003_3WB	8.000	3.05	3.85	3.68	140	149	140
Tesuits		15	N	POLOA	SWB	Unlink	ef03_5004_5WB	8.000	3.49	3.61	3.44	147	147	147
Link to detailed	E	36	ন	POLOA	SWB	Unlink	ef03_s002_SWB	8.000	3.58	3.65	2.97	147	147	146
results		37	ন	POLOA	SWB	Uplink	ef03 s003 SWB	8.000	3.46	3.66	3.23	147	147	147
results	E	38	7	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	ef03_s004_SWB	8.000	3.54	3.62	3.52	147	147	146
Clean up.	6	9	7	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	em01_s001_SWB	8.000	4.01	4.04	3.93	146	147	146
results	E	10	7	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	em01_s002_SWB	8.000	3.99	4.15	3.42	147	148	147
	6	3 11	7	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	em01_s003_SWB	8.000	3.91	3.99	3.85	147	147	89
Export	E	12		POLQA	S₩B	Uplink	em01_s004_SWB	8.000	3.88	4.00	3.77	146	147	114
all results to	1	13		POLQA	SWB	Uplink	em02_s001_SWB	8.000	4.06	4.18	3.34	153	175	147
		14	R	POLQA	S₩B	Uplink	em02_s002_SWB	8.000	3.94	4.07	3.76	147	148	105
ASCITILIE		3 15	₽	POLQA	S₩B	Uplink	em02_s003_SWB	8.000	4.06	4.15	4.00	147	148	147
Panart	l I I	16		POLOA	SWB	Uplink	em02 s004 SWB	8.000	3.87	4.01	3.72	149	169	147
Report														
settings		E	хро	ort Resul	ts		lear Marked Result	Clea	ar Selec	ted Re	sults	Clear	All Resu	lts
	Rep	ort												
		Deta	ails	🔽 Cor	nmt. J	🗸 Operato	or Edit 🔽 DU	T Info	Edit		Preview	w Rep. Se	. Re	p. All
										_				
Start report	🗆 Мі	nim	ize	After Loa	ading S	Setup	After Load	o Test Co dina Setu	ntrol				Close	
generation	🗆 st	art I	Mea	suremer	nt Afte	r Loading	Setup 🔽 Change to	o Results	for Tes	t				

The last tab in the user interface is dedicated to viewing, reporting, exporting and managing results.

Figure 26: Results tab



Figure 27: Context menu of the results datagrid

The context menu can be used for reporting and deleting results, and for saving and loading result lists.

2.8.1 Viewing Results in the Data Grid

Initially the data grid shows the averages for each test signal per sequence run.

R	esu	lts													
		No	S	Measure	BW	Direction	Signal	Length	MOS	max.	min. M	Delay (ms)	max. D	min.	*
Þ	Ŧ	1	7	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	ef02_s001_SWB	8.000	3.81	3.90	3.76	142	148	110	
	Ŧ	2	7	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	ef02_s002_SWB	8.000	3.35	3.75	2.61	147	148	145	
	Ŧ	3	2	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	ef02_s003_SWB	8.000	3.65	3.74	3.39	148	172	148	
	Ŧ	4	7	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	ef02_s004_SWB	8.000	3.72	3.85	3.68	148	149	147	
	Ŧ	5	7	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	ef03_s001_SWB	8.000	3.49	3.61	3.44	147	147	147	
	Ŧ	6	2	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	ef03_s002_SWB	8.000	3.58	3.65	2.97	147	147	146	
	Ŧ	7	7	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	ef03_s003_SWB	8.000	3.46	3.66	3.23	147	147	147	
	Ŧ	8	☑	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	ef03_s004_SWB	8.000	3.54	3.62	3.52	147	147	146	_
	Ŧ	9	2	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	em01_s001_SWB	8.000	4.01	4.04	3.93	146	147	146	
	Ŧ	10	7	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	em01_s002_SWB	8.000	3.99	4.15	3.42	147	148	147	
	Ŧ	11	7	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	em01_s003_SWB	8.000	3.91	3.99	3.85	147	147	89	
	Ŧ	12	7	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	em01_s004_SWB	8.000	3.88	4.00	3.77	146	147	114	
	Ŧ	13	2	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	em02_s001_SWB	8.000	4.06	4.18	3.34	153	175	147	
	Ŧ	14	7	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	em02_s002_SWB	8.000	3.94	4.07	3.76	147	148	105	
	Ŧ	15	7	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	em02_s003_SWB	8.000	4.06	4.15	4.00	147	148	147	
	Ŧ	16	☑	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	em02_s004_SWB	8.000	3.87	4.01	3.72	149	169	147	
	Ð	17	7	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	16 signals average	(null)	3.77	4.18	2.61	147	175	89	•
.∎														Image:	

Figure 28: Overview over averaged results in the results data grid

Clicking on one of the small "+" signs in the row headers opens a new row with a link to another table showing the detailed results from which the respective row was averaged:

F	曱	1 🔽 POLQA	SWB	Uplink	ef02_s001_	SWB	8.000	3.81	3.90	3.76	142	148	110
	Ч	StatisticsResul	t										

Figure 29: Link to detailed results in the results data grid

Clicking on the link displays the detailed data:

Rest	ilts														+ 只
∢ St	atis	tics: No	.: 1	Sel.: 🔽	Measurement: POLQA	В	W: SW	/B I	Dir	ection:	Uplink	Sign	al: ef0	2_s001	i ▼
	No	Measure	BW	Direction	Signal	No	MOS	Gair	n(Length	Ref. L	Deg. L	Att. (d	Delay (S/N R
•	1	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	ef02_s001_SWB	•	3.84	10.0	04	8.000	-30.1	-26.0	-4.58	147	39.28
	2	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	ef02_s001_SWB	Γ	3.80	10.0	04	8.000	-30.1	-25.8	-4.56	110	39.28
	3	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	ef02_s001_SWB	Γ	3.82	10.0	04	8.000	-30.1	-25.9	-4.58	147	39.28
	4	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	ef02_s001_SWB		3.77	10.0	04	8.000	-30.1	-25.8	-4.55	148	39.28
	5	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	ef02_s001_SWB		3.90	10.0	04	8.000	-30.1	-26.0	-4.55	147	39.28
	6	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	ef02_s001_SWB		3.76	10.0	04	8.000	-30.1	-25.9	-4.59	123	39.28
	7	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	ef02_s001_SWB		3.81	10.0	04	8.000	-30.1	-26.0	-4.56	148	39.28
*															

Figure 30: Detailed results table in the results data grid

The white back arrow " \leftarrow " in the caption is the link for closing the detailed table and returning to the statistic overview table.

In the details view, the entry "Play Degraded Signal of Marked Result" is enabled in the context menu of the results data grid if the degraded signal is available in a wav file. When this functionality is chosen, a window for controlling the playback of the degraded signal opens:

Spe	ake	er /	Hea	ads	et V	'olu	me							
	, ,		,								Y		,	
		÷	100					-50					0	
	☑	Spe	eake	er En	able	е		F	Z P	hon	e Ei	nabl	е	
		Play	aga	in							Clo	ose		//

Figure 31: Control window for playback of degraded signals

The window allows to choose the output and set the volume. The file is played once. Then the playback can be restarted using the "Play again" button.

Also from the results data grid it is possible to analyzer a stored degraded signal with "Analyze Degraded Signal of Marked Result" and display the spectrum and waveform in a separate window. This enables investigation of causes for degradation, such as dropouts, hum noise and short noise artefacts.



Figure 32: Spectral and time-domain analysis of degraded signal

With the "Browse" button it is possible to load and analyze any wav file. The frequency resolution can be changed with the "FFT Size" combobox. This window must be closed before other functions of the 1GA62 window can be operated.

2.8.2 Statistical Evaluation and Limit Check of Result Data

In the overview over averaged results in the results data grid it is possible to open a window for statistical evaluation and limit check. Use context menu item "Limit Check on Marked result", "Limit Check on Selected Results" or "Limit Check on All Results".

Ф М	IOS Limit C	heck																-	
	Minimum		L	ower Limit	3.50 🛨	3							_						
~	Average		Ŀ	ower Limit	3.70 🕂	3			Ρ	γ	7.5	5.	5						
	Percentile	90.0	÷ L	ower Limit	3.80 🛨	1				1									
	Measure	BW	Direction	Signal		N	Min.	Lim.	C	Verd.	Aver.	Lim.	C	Verd.	%	Potl.	Lim.	C Verd.	Total
•	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	ef1_SWB		25	3.90	3.50	7	PASS	3.97	3.70	7	PASS	90	4.02	3.80	PASS	PASS
	POLQA	SWB	Uplink	em2_SWB		25	3.97	3.50	~	PASS	4.03	3.70	7	PASS	90	4.03	3.80	PASS	PASS
	POLQA	SWB	Downlin	ef1_SWB		25	3.71	3.50	~	PASS	3.79	3.70	7	PASS	90	3.81	3.80	PASS	PASS
	POLQA	SWB	Downlin	em2_SWB		25	3.89	3.50	~	PASS	3.95	3.70	7	PASS	90	3.94	3.80	PASS	PASS
*																			
		_	Repo	ort		_							_						
	Export Res	sults		etails 🗖	Commt.		Operator		Edit		DUT In	fo	E	dit	🔽 Pre	view	F	Report All	
	Load Lim	its		Save Limits		D:\UP	V\1GA62	\Requi	remer	it.msl								Close	

Figure 33: Statistical evaluation and limit check of result data

The data grid shows minimum, average and percentile value of the MOS for each chosen test signal from the averaged results overview. Percentile means the MOS value which is greated than the specified percentage of individual results. For example 90 percent of all results are below the 90th percentile of all results.

Every change in the limit data triggers a re-calculation of the limit check with update of all verdicts. There is a verdict for each individual check, a verdict per data row as summary for each chosen test signal and a total verdict for the whole checked data.

The limit and percentile specifications can be stored to a file and retrieved from there at a later time.

The window for statistical evaluation and limit check offers similar export and reporting functionality as the test results overview(see below).

2.8.3 Entering Auxiliary Data

In the "Report" group box, data to be included into the printed report can be administered:

Report						
🗖 Details 🔽 Commt. 🔽 Operator	Edit	DUT Info	Edit	Preview	Rep. Sel.	Rep. All

Figure 34: Report group box in the results tab

The "Details" checkbox decides whether tables with the detailed results are included into the printed report. In this case the statistic results will be separated row by row, each with the associated detailed results table below.

If the "Commt." Checkbox is activated, a comment will be included into the report. An entry window will pop up when the report is started.

The "Operator" checkbox specifies whether an operator's name is to be included into the printed report. For entering a name, click the "Edit" button next to the checkbox.

The "DUT" checkbox allows to add information about the device under test. For entering name, type, manufacturer and serial number, click the "Edit" button next to it.

2.8.4 Previewing a Report

For previewing a report in the Windows print preview, activate the "Preview" checkbox before clicking "Rep. Sel." Or "Rep. All". The latter button starts preview of all results in the data grid. The "Rep. Sel." Button starts exclusive preview of results checked in the "S" column of the table. Finally the Windows print preview opens with a preview of the report as configured:

	Print pr	evie	w								- 🗆 ×
Start printout on	۰ Q و					lose		Pan			/ 1÷
installed printer			\sim		/		_		-	/	
	-/				/	_		_		_	
	///	/									
Set zoom of	RB	sŢ	est R	eport			1	ROP	DEA	SCH	VARZ
	Gen	eral				1					
preview	Date	ator:	_/	11/23/2012 15 ThomasLechne	107:19 r						
	Tes	Obje	er de		/						
	Nam			Sample Mobile							
Channel	Manu	factu	ner:	Anycopp							
Choose	Seria	I No.:		0815							
multi-page	104	2 53/02	Nores #	/							
dianlay			/								_
uispiay	Stat	ISTIC P	Direction	Right	Imath	(em			<i>an</i>		
		1	11-14		e cargon	08	08	08	Dly	Dly	Dly
	FOLD	596	Upink	45,05,5%	R.EEE e	12	175	3.61	1827 81	10.1 m	163m
	POLOA	506	Upink	40,000,000	8.000 e	2.75	18	2.01	18.2 m	16.2 m	50.4 m
Close preview	POLOA	596	Uplak Uplak	100,000,000	8.000 e	14i 19i	2.61	244	16.1 m	10.1 m	Miles Miles
	POLOA	SNE	Upin .	40,00,00	8.000 c	2.41	2.66	3.53	16.5 m	103 m	167 m
	POLOA	SNE	Upiek	MELIESSE MELIESSE	8.000 s 8.000 s	421	4.54	15	1817 ats 1813 ats	165 ans 1675 ans	16.5 m 16.5 m
	POLOA	596	Uplek	web100055646	8.000 4	2.65	415	14	10.4 m	107 m	16.5 m
Calast	FOLDA	546	Upink	ME(100)596	R.IIII 4	3.81	4.00	1.85	16.5 m	16.1 m	10.6 m
Select	POLOA	596	Uplink	w0.00(568	8.222.0	4.05	4.18	3.34	155 m	944 es	Skites
diapleyed pere	FOLDA	546	Lyink	WELLIGE SHE	R.EEE 4	4.06	4.5	4.00	141.8 #1	167.7 att	167 m
displayed page	FOLDA	546	epia.	well, wild, State	8.000 4	187	4.21	3.75	18.6 m	1614	10.1 m
	100	SINE	Dovatiek	HELMELSHE	8.000 +	121	2.78	1.05	1612 mm	177.141	10.7 m
	FOLOA	546	Dovatiek	40,00,596	8.000 e	151	2.65	333	154.1 m	15.141	©in
	POLOA	596	Dovatiak	HE HE SHE	A.LEE G	2.72	185	151	10110	1617 #1	122.6 am
	POLOA	SNE	Dovatiek	40,02(5%)	8.000 e	2.41	15	3.38	10.1 m	15.141	101m
Report preview	POLOA	596	Dovatiak	40,00,00	8.000 e	2.35	2.64	154	100.00	1444	103m
· ·	POLOA	SNE	Dovatiek	ALC: UNK SHE	8.000 e	2.0	165	3.21	21.1 m	105.1 #16	155.6 m
	POLOA	596	Dontisk	MECHECISMU MECHECISMU	8.000 s	417	426	154	10.7 m	165.000	1210
	POLOA	SNE	Dovatiak	w01,000,5%E	8.000 4	1.85	415	1%	102.0 mil	102.0 m	103 m
	POLOA	506	Donatisk	NET DECEMBER	8.000 s	4.14	4.15	1.10	TALIES TELES	10.141	10.1 m
	POLOA	596	Donatiak	w0.00.5%	8.222.4	413	415	1.9	10.5 m	10.1 m	127.3 an
	FOLDA FOLDA	506	Doratisk	NEL SUD SHE	8.222 0 8.222 0	111	410	10	53.4m	TELLER TELLER	184 million
	POLOA	546	Dovatiek	ti sipare average		3.N	435	141	151 m	10.141	15.000
			_		_						1

Figure 35: Report preview

2.8.5 Printing a Report

A report can be printed on any printer installed in the Windows operating system, including XPS document writer or pdf distiller.

The printing can either be started from the preview window by clicking the printer icon top left or by clicking one of the "Re. Sel." or "Rep. All" buttons without the "Preview" checkbox activated.

The printer can only be selected if the latter way of starting the printout is chosen.

2.8.6 Export of Result Data to an ASCII file

The "Export results" button saves all available results to a tab-separated txt file or a comma-separated csv file which can easily be imported to a spreadsheet.

	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	М	N
1	Statistics													
2	No.	Measurem	Bandwidth	Direction	Signal	Length	Avg. MOS	Max. MOS	Min. MOS	Avg. delay	Max. delay	Min. delay	Identifier	
3	1	POLQA	SWB	Mobile Loc	ef02_s001	8.500208	3.908971	3.953615	3.857836	445.5949	464.6147	424.2723	01/14/2013	8 09:40:45
4	2	POLQA	SWB	Mobile Loc	ef02_s002	8.5	3.945699	4.0004	3.861595	429.8408	450.0769	410.1642	01/14/2013	8 09:43:56
5	3	POLQA	SWB	Mobile Loc	ef02_s003	8.500021	3.851822	3.923364	3.752919	483.9594	507.8291	462.425	01/14/2013	3 09:44:59
ß		DOLOA	QW/R	Mobile Loc	400 -00A	8 A00001	3 739/67	2 766160	accesa c	103 7531	AAE 2029	101 0763	01/17/2012	AV-RV-DD S

Figure 36:	Test results	imported to a	spreadsheet	(excerpt)
ga. e ee.	1001100410	importoù to u	oproudonoot	(0,00,00)

2.9 Delay Measurements

The "Delay Measurements" tab provides controls for measuring the end-to-end delay of a speech connection.



Figure 37: Controls of the delay measurement tab

Delay Measurements can be performed on a pseudo-random noise signal by cross correlation. The test signal further comprises a leading voiced part to activate the speech coder. The length of the pseudorandom part determines the maximum measureable end-to-end delay. With a 32k samples pseudorandom noise, a maximum delay of 0.6 seconds can be measured. With the 46k samples pseudorandom noise, the maximum delay which can be measured is 1.2 seconds. The delay measurement works with an end-to-end delay > 10 ms. For use with codecs which do not transmit the composite source signal with sufficient fidelity, there is also the option to use a real-speech signal from ITU-T P.501.

To speed up the cross correlation calculation, the number of samples can be reduced by the "speed factor" by undersampling the test signal before cross correlation. This of course is a tradeoff against time resolution and noise immunity. For the two available test signals, separate speed factors are stored by the program. During delay tests with impairments on the speech connection (fading, packet jitter and packet loss on a VoLTE connection) delay jumps may occur which render a unique delay result difficult to obtain. By reducing the length of the cross correlation operation in the "Length" field, delay measurements on heavily impaired speech connections may be improved.

The "Min S/N" field allows to specify a minimum ratio of the maximum cross correlation peak to the next lower peak. This allows to suppress invalid results in automated tests.

The display of the cross correlation curve is activated with the "Show Curves" checkbox.

In the "Subtract Delay" groupbox it is possible to specify for each of the four signal paths delay values of the system simulator to be subtracted from the end-to-end delay. Note that any processing delay occurring in the UPV itself is inherently subtracted from the results before they are displayed.

The buttons in the "Single Measurement" groupbox start delay measurements for each of the four signal paths and display the result in the textbox below. The S/N factor displayed is the amplitude ratio between the highest cross correlation peak and the second highest cross correlation peak. If this ratio is less than 2, the result is deemed to be invalid. In this case you can reduce the speed factor to improve the noise immunity of the delay measurement.

The controls in the "Test Repetitions" group box allow to set the parameters for statistics in automated testing. "Number of re-tries" specifies the number of attempts in case the S/N values is repeatedly below the specified limit.

In the "Test Automation" groupbox it is possible to start multiple delay measurements for each of the selected signal paths and do a statistical evaluation as specified in the "Test Repetitions" groupbox. It is possible to store the cross correlation result as curve in an ASCII file to a specified folder.

2.10 Delay Results

Reporting and handling of delay results is similar to that of the speech quality test results. Please refer to sections 2.8.1. to 2.8.6.



Figure 38: Controls of the delay results tab

3 Literature

- R&S[®] UPV Operating Manual http://www2.rohde-schwarz.com/en/service_and_support/downloads/download_search/
- Application Note 1GA47, "Calibrating Measuring Microphones and Sound Sources for Acoustic Measurements with Audio Analyzer R&S[®] UPV" http://www2.rohde-schwarz.com/en/service_and_support/Downloads/Application_Notes/
- Application Note 1GA49, "Psychoacoustic Audio Quality Measurements Using R&S[®]UPV Audio Analyzer" http://www2.rohde-schwarz.com/en/service_and_support/Downloads/Application_Notes/
- Application Note 1GA50, "Calibration Tool for PESQ[®] Speech Quality Tests" http://www2.rohde-schwarz.com/en/service_and_support/Downloads/Application_Notes/
- Application Note 1MA202, "Next-Generation (3G/4G) Voice Quality Testing with POLQA[®]"

http://www2.rohde-schwarz.com/file/1MA202_1e.pdf

- ITU-T P.862 (2001), "Perceptual evaluation of speech quality (PESQ): An objective method for end-to-end speech quality assessment of narrow-band telephone networks and speech codecs", http://www.itu.int
- ITU-T P.862.1 (2003), "Mapping function for transforming P.862 raw result scores to MOS-LQO", http://www.itu.int
- ITU-T P.862.2 (2005), "Wideband extension to Recommendation P.862 for the assessment of wideband telephone networks and speech codecs", http://www.itu.int
- ITU-T P.862.3 (2005), "Application guide for objective quality measurement based on Recommendations P.862, P.862.1 and P.862.2", http://www.itu.int
- ITU-T P.863 (2011), "Methods for objective and subjective assessment of speech quality Perceptual objective listening quality assessment", http://www.itu.int
- User Manual, POLQA OEM Library, Opticom GmbH
- Application Note "Voice Quality with ITU-T P.863 'POLQA'", Swissqual http://www.swissqual.com/index.php/pages/downloader/Application_Note_-___Voice_Quality_with_ITU_P.863_POLQA.pdf
- ITU-T Application Guide for P.863 (unpublished draft)

4 Ordering Information

Ordering Information						
Type of instrument						
Description	Instrument type	Ordering number				
Audio Analyzer	R&S [®] UPV or R&S [®] UPV66	1146.2003.02 1146.2003.66				
XLR/BNC Adapter Set	R&S [®] UP-Z1MF	1411.3306.02				
Headset Cable Set for UPV	R&S [®] UP-Z9	1411.3106.02				
Universal Sequence Controller	R&S [®] UPV-K1	1401.7009.02				
SW for PESQ Measurements	R&S [®] UPV-K61	1401.7309.02				
Listening quality analysis POLQA, to ITU-T rec. P.863	R&S [®] UPV-K63	1402.1156.02				
Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S [®] CMU200	1100.0008.02				
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	R&S [®] CMW500	1201.0002K50				

For R&S^CMU and R&SCMW options, see the brochures and the R&Sweb site.

About Rohde & Schwarz

Rohde & Schwarz is an independent group of companies specializing in electronics. It is a leading supplier of solutions in the fields of test and measurement, broadcasting, radiomonitoring and radiolocation, as well as secure communications. Established 75 years ago, Rohde & Schwarz has a global presence and a dedicated service network in over 70 countries. Company headquarters are in Munich, Germany.

Regional contact

Europe, Africa, Middle East +49 1805 12 42 42* or +49 89 4129 137 74 customersupport@rohde-schwarz.com

North America 1-888-TEST-RSA (1-888-837-8772) customer.support@rsa.rohde-schwarz.com

Latin America +1-410-910-7988 customersupport.la@rohde-schwarz.com

Asia/Pacific +65 65 13 04 88 customersupport.asia@rohde-schwarz.com

Certified Quality System ISO 9001 DQS REG. NO 1954 QM

Certified Environmental System
ISO 14001
DQS REG. NO 1954 UM

This application note and the supplied programs may only be used subject to the conditions of use set forth in the download area of the Rohde & Schwarz website.

Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG Mühldorfstraße 15 | D - 81671 München Phone + 49 89 4129 - 0 | Fax + 49 89 4129 – 13777

www.rohde-schwarz.com